Mirae Asset Mutual Fund

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Investment Manager:

Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited

Trustee:

Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited

Registered & Corporate Office:

Unit No.606, Windsor Building, Off. C.S.T Road,

Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400098.

Tel. No.: 022-678 00 300. **Fax No.:** 022- 6725 3940 – 47.

Website: www.miraeassetmf.co.in

E-mail: customercare@miraeasset.com

This Statement of Additional Information (SAI) contains details of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, its constitution, and certain tax, legal and general information. It is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document).



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STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (SAI)

INFORMATION ABOUT SPONSOR, AMC AND TRUSTEE COMPANY

CONSTITUTION OF THE MUTUAL FUND Α.

Mirae Asset Mutual Fund (the "Mutual Fund") has been constituted as a trust on October 11, 2007 under the provisions of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 (2 of 1882) by Mirae Asset Global Investments Company Limited, as the Sponsor and Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited as the Trustee. The Trust Deed has been registered under the Indian Registration Act, 1908. The Mutual Fund was registered with SEBI on November 30, 2007 vide Registration No. MF/055/07/03.

В. THE SPONSOR

Mirae Asset Mutual Fund is sponsored by Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Limited, a company incorporated in South Korea. Mirae Asset was established in 1997 and is South Korea's leading independent financial services provider. With Asset Management as its core activity, Mirae Asset is engaged in a broad range of financial services including Investment Banking, Wealth Management and Life Insurance. Other significant activities of the group include Alternate Investment including Private Equity, Venture Capital and Real Estate.

Mirae Asset introduced the concept of mutual funds to Korea. It is the largest asset manager in Korea and is the pioneer of Systematic Investment Plan (known as Regular Savings Plan) in Korea and over the years has emerged as the undisputed leader in Korea.

Korea's largest equity fund manager, Mirae Asset, is now a leading investor in Asian equities, with offices in Hong Kong, Singapore, Vietnam and rapidly expanding to other parts of the globe including the Europe and Americas. With its strong foundation in Asia and presence in major financial markets in this region, Mirae Asset has established a leadership position in the Asia Pacific region.

In a strategic move, Mirae Asset MAPS Global Investments Co. Ltd. has been merged into Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (the Sponsor) w.e.f. March 26, 2012. The merger has been approved by Financial Services Commission (FSC), South Korea and Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd., South Korea, continues to act as the Sponsor of the AMC.

The Sponsor has entrusted a sum of Rs 1,00,000/- to the Trustee as the initial contribution towards the corpus of the Mutual Fund. Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Limited is a part of Mirae Asset Financial Group (Mirae Asset).

The Sponsor holds 100% of the paid up equity capital of the AMC.





Given below is a brief summary of the Sponsor's financials (amounts in Rs.):

Financial Year ending	2011	2010	2009
31st March			
Total Revenue	15,556,510,612	15,316,909,360	12,806,580,529
Profit Before Tax	9,167,360,518	9,026,164,905	7,602,462,051
Profit After Tax	6,945,266,194	6,838,295,259	5,478,507,198
Legal Reserves*	115,327,730	113,551,454	27,469,386
Net Worth	23,380,759,372	23,020,649,103	14,427,331,846
Earnings per Share	609	600	605
Book Value per Share	2,050	2,019	1,592
Dividend	1,153,277,309	1,135,514,542	274,693,860
Paid Up Capital (Equity)	2,306,554,619	2,271,029,084	1,503,773,482
Assets under Management (In Rupees Billion)	1434.41	2005.82	1847.59



C. THE TRUSTEE

Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited (the "Trustee) through its Board of Directors, shall discharge its obligations as trustee of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund. The Trustess shall ensure that the transactions entered into by the AMC are in accordance with the SEBI Regulations and will also review the activities carried on by the AMC. The Trustee has been promoted by Mirae Asset Global Investments Company Limited. Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited is registered under the Companies Act, 1956 and was incorporated on April 23, 2007. The Sponsors have executed a Trust Deed on October 11, 2007 appointing Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited as Trustee Company of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

(I) DETAILS OF TRUSTEE DIRECTORS:

Name	Age / Qualification	Brief Experience	
Mr. V.B.Haribhakti (Independent Director)	81 yrs/ F.C.A	Mr. V.B.Haribhakti has experience and expertise spann more than six decades in accountancy, finance a financial services. At present he is the Chariman & Ser Partner of the renowned practicing firm M/s. Haribhakt Co., Chartered Accountants. He provides ove supervision and guidance to partners in the firm.	
		He is also a director on the following companies :	
		Bajaj Electricals Ltd.	
		Citadel Reality and Developers Ltd.	
		The Simplex Mills Company Ltd.	
		The Anglo-French Drug Co.(Eastern) Ltd.	
		Ester Industries Ltd.	
		Tilaknagar Industries Ltd.	
		Lakshmi Automatic Loom Works Ltd.	
		BDO Haribhakti Consulting Pvt. Ltd.	
Mr. S.T.Gerela (Independent Director)	73 yrs/ M.A., L.L.B., C.A.I.I.B	Mr. S.T. Gerela has experience and expertise spanning more than three decades in finance and financial services. He has worked as Director – Business Development, CEC – Clearing & Settlement, and General Manger – Surveillance and Inspection with Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).	
		At present, he is the CEO of Satco Securities Limited which has secured membership of prominent stock exchanges such as: NSE Ltd., BSE Ltd., and MCX Ltd. He oversees vital operations including membership services and business development functions, clearing functions, and risk management.	



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		Mr. Gerela has been credited with creating and documenting a process-oriented approach to the Surveillance and Inspection Department of the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE). He is also a director on the following company: Satco Securities & Financial Services Ltd. Bihar Tubes Ltd.
Mr. K. Ramasubramanian (Independent Director)	69 yrs / M.Sc., PGDBA	Mr. K. Ramasubramanian is a renowned consultant who specializes in foreign exchange, and is a respected visiting faculty in various reputed institutions. He was General Manager of the Foreign Exchange Department in the Reserve Bank of India, and was instrumental in implementing FEMA throughout the country. He is also a director on the following company:
		 Premier Medical Corporation Private Limited. Innovasynth Investments (P) Ltd.
Mr. Mahesh. L. Soneji (Independent Director)	60 years / FCS, M.S. in Law (Commercial Laws), Diploma in Taxation Laws and Practice, Diploma in Financial Management	Mr. M. L. Soneji is a fellow member of Institute of Company Secretaries of India and has overall 13 years of experience in the field of financial service industry. Mr. M. L. Soneji is currently associated with National Institute of Securities Markets as a Registrar, established by SEBI, for imparting education, training and research in the areas of securities markets, since December 2009. Mr. Soneji has worked in senior positions with various exchanges like Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd as Managing Director & CEO and Sr. Vice President with the National Stock Exchange Limited. Mr. Soneji has also worked with National Securities Clearing Corporation Ltd as a Director and was responsible for Clearing House operations of National Stock Exchange for about 2 years.

(II) DUTIES & RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRUSTEES

Pursuant to the Trust Deed constituting the Fund and in terms of the Regulations, the rights and obligations of the Trustee are as under:

- The Trustee has the legal ownership of the Trust Fund. The general superintendence and management of the Trust and all powers incidental to the purpose of the trust vest absolutely in the Trustee subject to the Trust Deed.
- The Trustee shall take into its custody or under its control all the capital and property of every Scheme of the Mutual Fund and hold it in trust for the Unitholders of the Scheme.





- The Trustee is entitled to delegate any power and/or responsibility vested in it to the AMC, which
 is accountable to the Trustee and bound to carry out the functions assigned to it from time to time.
 Notwithstanding any such delegation, the Trustee Company is at all times responsible for the acts
 of negligence or acts of omission and commission of the AMC.
- The Trustee shall ensure that the AMC and the Custodian duly fulfill the functions respectively assigned to them under the Mutual Fund Regulations.
- The Trustee shall ensure before the launch of any Scheme that the Asset Management Company has:
 - · Systems in place for its back office, dealing room and accounting;
 - Appointed all key personnel including fund manager(s) for the Scheme and submitted to the Trustee their resume containing particulars of their educational qualifications and past experience in the securities market within fifteen days of their appointment;
 - · Appointed auditors to audit the accounts of the Scheme;
 - Appointed a compliance officer who shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of the SEBI Act, rules and regulations, notifications, guidelines, instructions etc. issued by SEBI or the Central Government and for redressal of investors' grievances;
 - Appointed registrars and laid down parameters for their supervision;
 - Prepared a compliance manual and designed internal control mechanisms including internal audit systems; and
 - Specified norms for empanelment of brokers and marketing agents.
- In carrying out responsibilities, the Trustee shall maintain arms' length relationship with other companies, or institutions or financial intermediaries or any body corporate with which it may be associated.
- The Trustee shall not be liable to the Mutual Fund or the Unitholders, if the Mutual Fund suffers a decline in its net asset value or if any share or other security comprised in the Trust Fund depreciates in its market value or fails to achieve any increase therein, unless such decline, depreciation or failure is caused by the willful default or gross negligence of the Trustee.
- The Trustee shall not be under any liability on account of anything done or omitted to be done or suffered to be done by the Trustee in good faith, bona fide and after due diligence and care, in accordance with or on the advice of the AMC or any other professional person, firm or company.
- For avoidance of doubt, it is hereby agreed and declared that references to the Trustee in this clause shall be deemed to include references to the officers, servants and delegates of the Trustee.
- The Trustee shall ensure that the AMC has been managing the Scheme independently of other
 activities and has taken adequate steps to ensure that the interest of the investors of no Scheme
 is being compromised with that of the investors of other Schemes or of other activities of the
 AMC.
- The Trustee shall ensure that the Trust Fund shall be applied and be available absolutely for the purposes of the Trust and shall not be applied directly or indirectly for any purpose other than the purposes referred to under the Trust Deed.
- The Trustee shall call for a meeting of the Unitholders





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- Whenever required to do so by SEBI in the interest of the Unitholders; or
- Whenever required to do so on the requisition made by three-fourths of the Unitholders of any Scheme; or
- When the majority of the Directors of the Trustee Company decide to wind up or prematurely redeem the Units.
- The Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of any scheme or the trust
 or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the scheme and affects
 the interest of Unitholders, is carried out unless;
 - A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an
 advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well
 as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the
 mutual fund is situated; and
 - The Unitholders are given an option to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any Exit Load.
- Subject to the provisions of the Mutual Fund Regulations as amended from time to time, the
 consent of the Unitholders shall be obtained, entirely at the option of the Trustee, either at a
 meeting of the Unitholders or through postal ballot. Only one Unitholder in respect of each folio or
 account representing a holding shall vote and he shall have one vote in respect of each resolution
 to be passed. The procedure of voting shall be as per the directives issued by SEBI, from time to
 time.
- The Trust Fund shall be held in trust and managed by the Trustee in accordance with the Trust Deed.
- The Trustee shall be accountable for, and be the custodian of, the funds and property of the respective Scheme and shall hold the same in trust for the benefit of the Unitholders in accordance with the Mutual Fund Regulations and the provisions of the Trust Deed.
- The Trust Deed shall not be amended without obtaining the prior approval of SEBI, and approval
 of the Unitholders shall be obtained where it affects their interests.
- The appointment of the AMC can be terminated by a majority of the Board of Directors of the Trustee or by 75% of the Unitholders of the Scheme. Modifications, if any, in the rights and/or obligations and duties of the Trustee are on account of amendments to the Regulations and the Regulations supersede/override the provisions of the Trust Deed, wherever the two are in conflict.

THE COMPLIANCE OFFICER REPORTS DIRECTLY TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE TRUSTEE CO. TO CARRY OUT THE SUPERVISORY ROLE. IN ADDITION, THE TRUSTEE MAY SEEK ANY INFORMATION FROM TIME TO TIME FROM THE AMC. A REPUTED FIRM OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO CARRY OUT INTERNAL AUDIT OF THE FUND ON A PERIODIC BASIS TO FACILITATE MONITORING THE ACTIVITIES OF THE AMC. ON A QUARTERLY BASIS, AN ACTIVITY REPORT PREPARED BY THE AMC IS DISCUSSED AT THE BOARD MEETINGS OF THE TRUSTEE. THE AUDIT COMMITTEE, COMPRISING THREE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE TRUSTEE, HAS BEEN CONSTITUTED PURSUANT TO THE SEBI CIRCULAR MFD/CIR/010/024/2000 DATED 17.01.2000 CHAIRED BY AN INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR.

• The Trustee shall exercise due diligence as under:





General Due Diligence

- The Trustee shall be discerning in the appointment of the key personnel of the Asset Management Company.
- The Trustee shall review the desirability or continuance of the Asset Management Company if substantial irregularities are observed in any of the Schemes and shall not allow the Asset Management Company to float new schemes.
- The Trustee shall ensure that the Trust Property is properly protected, held and administered by proper persons and by a proper number of such persons.
- The Trustee shall ensure that all service providers hold appropriate registrations from SEBI or concerned regulatory authorities.
- The Trustee shall report to SEBI of any special developments in the Mutual Fund.

Specific Due Diligence

- The Trustee shall arrange for test checks of service contracts at such frequency and in such manner as it shall deem appropriate from time to time.
- The Trustee shall obtain internal audit reports at regular intervals from independent auditors appointed by the Trustee Company;
- The Trustee shall obtain compliance certificates at regular intervals from the Asset Management Company;
- The Trustee shall hold meetings of the Board of Directors of the Trustee Company regularly and frequently;
- The Trustee shall consider the reports of the independent auditor and compliance reports of Asset Management Company at the meetings of the Board of Directors of the Trustee Company for appropriate action;
- The Trustee shall maintain minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors of the Trustee Company;
- The Trustee shall prescribe and adhere to a code of ethics by the Trustee Company, Asset Management Company and its personnel;
- The Trustee shall communicate in writing with the Asset Management Company regarding any deficiencies and checking on the rectification of deficiencies.
- The Trustee shall ensure that the accounts maintained by the Asset Management Company follow the accounting policies prescribed by SEBI or any other relevant authority and shall be in the prescribed format and have the prescribed contents.
- The Trustee shall procure that all necessary statements in respect of the Mutual Fund and the Trust Property are prepared in the manner required by Regulations and make or cause to be made all reports, publications, notices and filings with respect to the Mutual Fund required by Indian law.
- The Trustee shall cause the balance sheet and accounts of the Trust to be prepared and submitted to the Sponsor for the accounting year as soon as may be after the end of each accounting year.





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The Trustee shall cause the affairs of the various Schemes of the Trust in respect of every accounting year to be audited by one or more auditors qualified to act as auditors under the law for the time being and obtain their report and submit the same to SEBI or any other Government Authority, if required by the law in force. The auditor shall be appointed by the Trustee Company and the Trustee Company may in its discretion, determine out of what part or parts of the Trust Property or the income thereof, the cost of such audit shall be defrayed and may make such apportionment of such costs as it thinks desirable. Such auditor shall not be the same as the auditor appointed for the Asset Management Company.

TRUSTEE'S SUPERVISORY ROLE (III)

The supervisory role of the Trustee is discharged by the Board of Directors of the Trustee by internal and external reporting system;

Internal Reporting

The compliance officer reports on a regular basis to the Trustee on the compliance of mandatory regulatory requirements.

External Reporting

In terms of Regulation 18(4)(f) of the SEBI Regulations, the Trustee to ensure that before the launch of any schemes the AMC has prepared a compliance manual and desired internal control mechanism including internal audit systems. Further, SEBI vide their letter MFD/CIR/No.010/024/2000 dated January 17, 2000 made it mandatory for the Trustee to constitute an audit committee of the Trustee, which shall be chaired by an independent Trustee. In compliance of the above SEBI Regulations, the Trustee has constituted an audit committee and appointed an independent internal auditor for conducting internal audit of the books and records of the Fund. The internal auditors submit their report directly to the Trustee under this external reporting system.

- The Board of Trustee had 35 Board meetings since incorporation (23rd April, 2007) till date.
- The Trustee may amend the Trust Deed with the prior approval of SEBI and the Unit Holders where it affects the interest of Unit Holders.
- The Trustee Company may, subject to the Regulations, acquire, hold, develop, deal with and dispose of any movable or immovable property either on ownership, rental or other basis whatsoever, with power to let or sublet the same with or without charging any compensation fee or rent as the Trustee may in its absolute discretion deem fit. However, no investment shall be made in immovable property from the resources mobilized for the Scheme.

D. The Asset Management Company (AMC)

Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited, a company registered under the Companies Act, 1956 and having its registered office at Unit 606, 6th Floor, Windsor, off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai - 400 098. Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited has been appointed as the Asset Management Company (AMC) of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund by the Trustee vide Investment Management Agreement ("IMA") dated October 11, 2007 entered into between Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited and Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited.

The Investment Manager was approved by SEBI to act as the AMC for the Fund vide letter no. IMD/HSV/OTW/109716/2007 dated 30th November, 2007. The AMC manages the Scheme / options of the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Investment Management Agreement, the Trust



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Deed, the Regulations and the objectives of each Scheme / option. The AMC can be removed by the Trustee, subject to the Regulations.

SEBI vide its letter dated February 5, 2008 having reference no. IMD/PM/116190/2008 has conveyed its no objection for the AMC to undertake non-binding Advisory services to its group companies operating offshore funds domiciled in Korea and managed by offices located in Singapore, United Kingdom and Hongkong and in case of other funds which are in nature of offshore funds. Accordingly, the AMC has executed an Investment Advisory agreement with Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Limited (the Sponsor) on May 1, 2008. The Advisory function is managed by a separate fund manager/advisor and is not in conflict with the activities of the mutual fund.

SEBI vide its letter dated 22nd July, 2008 has accorded approval for availing of non-binding advisory services from Mirae Asset Global Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (MAGI – HK). Accordingly, the AMC has entered into an agreement with MAGI-HK for seeking advice on the international portion of all the schemes of the mutual fund.

The fund management of the Scheme (including the international portion) shall rest with the AMC. The fees related to these services would be borne by the AMC and would not be charged to the scheme.

The same are not in conflict with the mutual fund activities.

(I) DETAILS OF AMC DIRECTORS:

Name	Age / Qualification	Brief Experience		
Mr. B. N. Chakraborty Director – (Independent)	62 yrs /C.A.	Mr B N Chakraborty is an eminent Chartered Accountant with more that thirty years of experience ir finance, treasury, accounting, human resources, sales marketing and in general management.		
		Mr Chakraborty has worked in senior positions with several multination Organizations in different industries. His last full time assignment until April 2008 was as Managing Director of Organon India Ltd , a Dutch MNC engaged in the pharma business where he had overall responsibility of managing the Company's operations in India ,Nepal and Sri Lanka .The Company under his leadership did exceedingly well , consistently improving on market share of its key products and taking forward a value driven organization.		
		Mr Chakraborty is presently engaged as a professor at a Business School and providing business consultancy services to certain large corporate houses.		
Mr. Thomas Jefferson Park*	M.B.A. University of Chicago, U.S. B.A., American University of Paris /	Mr. Park is the Chief Representative at Mirae Asset Global Investments, Shanghai. He is responsible for general oversight of the representative office and supporting marketing activities related to investment projects in real estate. With more than 10 years of		
Director - (Associate)	34 years	experience in the financial services and consulting fields with particular focus on mergers and acquisitions, private equity and real estate investments, Mr. Park has lead and participated in deal teams for a range of financial investments and acquisitions. He has even		





		performed financial valuation analysis and was involved in general corporate finance advisory functions. Mr. Park joined Mirae Asset in November 2008 after stints at major investment houses. Prior to joining Mirae Asset, he has worked with Goldman Sachs International as an associate for Mergers and acquisitions, corporate finance advisory. He has also worked with KPMG Consulting / BearingPoint as a Senior Consultant. He is also a director on the following company: Horizons ETFs Management Inc. Alpha Pro Inc. Acushnet Co Mirae Asset Global Investments (Taiwan)		
Mr. Nihar N. Jambusaria,	52 yrs/ B.Com., F.C.A.	Mr. Nihar Jambusaria is currently the Sr. Vice President – Taxation with Reliance Industries Limited.		
Director – (Independent)		Prior to this, he has been associated with BDO Haribhakti & Co. He was also practicing Chartered Accountant and had his own chartered accountancy firm, N.N. Jambusaria & Co.		
		He is Head of the Department of Accountancy & Financial Management and a part-time faculty at D.T.S.S. College of Commerce, Mumbai. He was elected as Chairman of the Western India Regional Council (Institute of Chartered Accountants of India) for two consecutive terms – 2001-2003 and 2004- 2007.		
		He is also a director on the following company :		
		 Sunshine Housing & Infrastructure Private Limited. 		
Mr. Jisang Yoo*	MBA, Bachelor of Economics / 37 years	` '		
Director - (Associate)		Mr. Yoo has around 12 years of experience in the field of financial services including 4 years plus experience in Asset Management Business. He has been associated with Mirae Asset Financial Group since August 2007. He is overall responsible for the India AMC. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Yoo was the Chief Financial Officer of the AMC. Prior to that, Mr. Yoo has held senior management positions in Mirae Asset Global Investments (Brazil) Limited & Mirae Asset Global Investments Limited (Seoul). He has also been associated with organizations like NH Investment &		



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	Securities Co., Ltd as an equity analyst.

Note*

- (I) Mr. Cheon Woong Park Associate Director has ceased to be the Director from the Board of Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited with effect from April 10, 2012.
- (II) Mr. Thomas Jefferson Park has been appointed as an Associate Director on the Board of Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited with effect from April 10, 2012.
- (III) Mr. Arindam Ghosh Associate Director has ceased to be the Director from the Board of Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited with effect from April 10, 2012. Further, he ceases to be the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) & Key Personnel of the AMC w.e.f. April 10, 2012.
- (IV) Mr. Jisang Yoo has been appointed as an Associate Director on the Board of Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited with effect from April 10, 2012. He is further appointed as the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited (the AMC) w.e.f. April 10, 2012. Mr. Yoo ceased to be the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the AMC w.e.f. April 10, 2012.



(II) DUTIES AND OBLIGATION OF THE AMC AS SPECIFIED IN THE SEBI MUTUAL FUND REGULATIONS ON WWW.SEBI.GOV.IN

Duties of AMC:

The duties and responsibilities of the AMC shall be consistent with the Regulations and the Investment Management Agreement. The AMC shall discharge such duties and responsibilities as provided for under the Regulations and the Investment Management Agreement.

The duties of the AMC as specified in the SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 are as below:

The AMC shall, in the course of managing the affairs of the Fund, inter alia:

- (i) Be responsible for floating schemes for the mutual fund after approval of the same by the trustees and managing the funds mobilised under various schemes, in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed and Regulations;
- (ii) Shall not undertake any other business activity other than activities specified under subregulation (2) of regulation 24 and management of mutual funds and such other activities as financial services, consultancy, exchange of research and analysis on commercial basis as long as these are not in conflict with the fund management activity itself without the prior approval of the trustees and Board;
- (iii) Shall invest the funds raised under various schemes in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed and the regulations;
- (iv) Shall not acquire any of the assets out of the scheme property which involves the assumption of any liability which is unlimited or which may result in encumbrance of the scheme property in any way;
- (v) Shall not take up any activity in contravention of the Regulations;
- (vi) No loss or damage or expenses incurred by the AMC or Officers of the AMC or any person delegated by the AMC, shall be met out of the trust property;
- (vii) Shall ensure that no offer document of a scheme, key information memorandum, abridged half-yearly results and annual results is issued or published without the trustees' prior approval in writing, and contains any statement or matter extraneous to the Trust Deed or Offer Document scheme particulars approved by the trustees and Board;
- (viia) Shall provide an option of nomination to the unitholders in terms of regulation 29A, in the form prescribed hereunder;
- (viii) Shall disclose the basis of calculating the repurchase price and NAV of the various schemes of the fund in the scheme particulars and disclose the same to the investors at such intervals as may be specified by the trustees and Board;
- (ix) the trustees shall have the right to obtain from the AMC, all information concerning the operations of the various schemes of the mutual fund managed by the AMC at such intervals and in such a manner as required by the trustees to ensure that the asset management company is complying with the provisions of the Trust Deed and Regulations;
- (x) Shall submit quarterly report on the functioning of the schemes of the mutual fund to the trustees or at such intervals as may be required by the trustees or Board:



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(xi) the trustee shall have the power to dismiss the AMC under the specific events only with the approval of the Board in accordance with the Regulations.

Obligation of AMC

- (1) The AMC shall take all reasonable steps and exercise due diligence to ensure that the investment of funds pertaining to any scheme is not contrary to the provisions of these regulations and the trust deed.
- (2) The AMC shall exercise due diligence and care in all its investment decisions as would be exercised by other persons engaged in the same business.
- (3) The AMC shall be responsible for the acts of commission or omission by its employees or the persons whose services have been procured by the AMC.
- (4) The AMC shall submit to the trustees quarterly reports of each year on its activities and the compliance with these regulations.
- (5) The trustees at the request of the AMC may terminate the assignment of the AMC at any time:
 - Provided that such termination shall become effective only after the trustees have accepted the termination of assignment and communicated their decision in writing to the AMC.
- (6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any contract or agreement or termination, the AMC or its directors or other officers shall not be absolved of liability to the mutual fund for their acts of commission or omission, while holding such position or office.
- (6A) The Chief Executive Officer of the AMC shall ensure that the mutual fund complies with all the provisions of these regulations and the guidelines or circulars issued in relation thereto from time to time and that the investments made by the fund managers are in the interest of the unit holders and shall also be responsible for the overall risk management function of the mutual fund.
- (6B) The fund managers (whatever the designation may be) shall ensure that the funds of the schemes are invested to achieve the objectives of the scheme and in the interest of the unit holders.
- (7)(a) An AMC shall not through any broker associated with the sponsor, purchase or sell securities, which is average of 5 per cent or more of the aggregate purchases and sale of securities made by the mutual fund in all its schemes:
 - Provided that for the purpose of this sub-regulation, the aggregate purchase and sale of securities shall exclude sale and distribution of units issued by the mutual fund :
 - Provided further that the aforesaid limit of 5 per cent shall apply for a block of any three months.
- (7)(b) An AMC shall not purchase or sell securities through any broker [other than a broker referred to in clause (a) of sub-regulation (7)] which is average of 5 per cent or more of the aggregate purchases and sale of securities made by the mutual fund in all its schemes, unless the AMC has recorded in writing the justification for exceeding the limit of 5 per cent and reports of all such investments are sent to the trustees on a quarterly basis:
 - Provided that the aforesaid limit shall apply for a block of three months.





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(8) An AMC shall not utilise the services of the sponsor or any of its associates, employees or their relatives, for the purpose of any securities transaction and distribution and sale of securities:

Provided that an AMC may utilise such services if disclosure to that effect is made to the unitholders and the brokerage or commission paid is also disclosed in the half-yearly annual accounts of the mutual fund :

Provided further that the mutual funds shall disclose at the time of declaring half yearly and yearly results:

- (i) any underwriting obligations undertaken by the schemes of the mutual funds with respect to issue of securities associate companies,
- (ii) devolvement, if any,
- (iii) subscription by the schemes in the issues lead managed by associate companies,
- (iv) subscription to any issue of equity or debt on private placement basis where the sponsor or its associate companies have acted as arranger or manager.
- (9) The AMC shall file with the trustees the details of transactions in securities by the key personnel of the AMC in their own name or on behalf of the AMC and shall also report to the Board, as and when required by the Board.
- (10) In case the AMC enters into any securities transactions with any of its associates a report to that effect shall be sent to the trustees at its next meeting.
- (11) In case any company has invested more than 5 per cent of the net asset value of a scheme, the investment made by that scheme or by any other scheme of the same mutual fund in that company or its subsidiaries shall be brought to the notice of the trustees by the AMC and be disclosed in the half-yearly and annual accounts of the respective schemes with justification for such investment provided the latter investment has been made within one year of the date of the former investment calculated on either side.
- (12) The AMC shall file with the trustees and the Board—
 - (a) detailed bio-data of all its directors along with their interest in other companies within fifteen days of their appointment:
 - (b) any change in the interests of directors every six months; and
 - (c) a quarterly report to the trustees giving details and adequate justification about the purchase and sale of the securities of the group companies of the sponsor or the asset management company, as the case may be, by the mutual fund during the said quarter.
- (13) Each director of the AMC shall file the details of his transactions of dealing in securities with the trustees on a quarterly basis in accordance with guidelines issued by the Board.
- (14) The AMC shall not appoint any person as key personnel who has been found guilty of any economic offence or involved in violation of securities laws.
- (15) The AMC shall appoint registrars and share transfer agents who are registered with the Board:

Provided if the work relating to the transfer of units is processed in-house, the charges at competitive market rates may be debited to the scheme and for rates higher than the



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competitive market rates, prior approval of the trustees shall be obtained and reasons for charging higher rates shall be disclosed in the annual accounts.

(16) The AMC shall abide by the Code of Conduct as specified in the Fifth Schedule.

(III) SHAREHOLDING PATTERN OF AMC

In a strategic move, Mirae Asset MAPS Global Investments Co. Ltd. (the erstwhile shareholder, holding 6.91% of the AMC) was merged with Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (the Sponsor) w.e.f. March 26, 2012. The merger has been approved by Financial Services Commission (FSC), South Korea and Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd., South Korea, continues to act as the Sponsor of the AMC.

Accordingly, the shareholding pattern, post-merger, stands as under:

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name	(Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each)	Number of shares (Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each)	% of Shareholding
1	Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (MAGI), Korea. (Sponsor)	2,031,885,390	203,188,539	99.99
2	Mr. Jisang Yoo (Nominee shareholder of MAGI)	10	1	0.00~
	TOTAL	2,031,885,400	203,188,540	100.00

^{~ -} negligible %

[Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (the Sponsor) has appointed Mr. Jisang Yoo as the nominee shareholder vide their resolution dated 29th February, 2012. Kindly note that though Mr. Jisang Yoo is being appointed as nominee shareholder, the ultimate beneficial owner being Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (MAGICL). Post-merger, the AMC is 100% wholly owned subsidiary of Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (the Sponsor]).

The change in the shareholding pattern of the AMC does not amount to change in the controlling stake of the AMC and that Mirae Asset Global Investments Co. Ltd. (Sponsor), South Korea, continues to act as the Sponsor of the AMC.



(IV) INFORMATION ON KEY PERSONNEL:

Name	Designation / Total No. of years of experience	Qualifications/Age	Experience & Background
Mr. Jisang Yoo	Chief Executive Officer (CEO) / 12 years	MBA, Bachelor of Economics / 37 years	Mr. Jisang Yoo is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited. Mr. Yoo has around 12 years of experience in the field of financial services including 4 years plus experience in Asset Management Business. He has been associated with Mirae Asset Financial Group since August 2007. He is overall responsible for the India AMC. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Yoo was the Chief Financial Officer of the AMC. Prior to that, Mr. Yoo has held senior management positions in Mirae Asset Global Investments (Brazil) Limited & Mirae Asset Global Investments Limited (Seoul). He has also been associated with organizations like NH Investment & Securities Co., Ltd as an equity analyst.
Mr. Gopal Agrawal	Chief Investment Officer, 12 years	B.E. (Chemical), M.B.M/ 38 years	He has over 12 years of experience in the field of finance and financial related services. Mr. Agrawal is responsible for supervision and management of Equity Investments. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Agrawal was the Fund Manager with SBI Mutual Fund. He has also been associated with organizations like Kotak Securities, HDFC Securities, IDBI Capital, UTI Securities and IPCL.
Mr. Neelesh Surana	Head - Equity & Sr. Vice President / 17 years	B.E. (Mechanical),MBA (Finance)/ 42 years	Neelesh has professional experience of more than 17 years in financial services including fund management and is responsible for Portfolio construction & monitoring. Prior to this assignment, Neelesh was associated with ASK Investment Managers Pvt Ltd where he was responsible for tracking sectors like Metals, FMCG and Pharma.
Mr. Prashant Thakkar	Head of Information Technology / 13 years	D.E. (Computer Technology)/ 34 years	He has over 13 years of experience in the field of financial services. He is responsible for setting up the IT Systems, Infrastructure and processes for the Company. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Thakkar was Manager – IT with Birla SunLife Asset



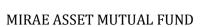
			Management Co. Ltd. He has also been associated with organizations like Cyanamid Agro Ltd. and Isibars Ltd.
Mr. Swarup Mohanty	Head – Sales / 15 years	PGDBM, B.Com (Hons) / 41 years	He has over 15 years of experience in the field of financial services including 11 years plus experience in Asset Management Sales. He is responsible for driving sales for Mirae Asset products. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Mohanty was National Sales Head – Retail, India with Religare Asset Management Co. Ltd. He has also been associated with organizations like Birla Sunlife Asset Management Co. Ltd, Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd & Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Ltd. in Sales responsibilities.
Mr. Ritesh Patel	Head – Compliance Risk Mangement, Secretarial & Legal / 11 years	B.Com. A.C.S., LL.B./ 31 years	He has over 7 years of experience in the field of financial services and a total of over 11 years of experience in the field of Legal, Secretarial, Risk Management & Compliance. He is responsible for handling legal, secretarial, risk management and compliance functions of the organization. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Patel was Company Secretary with JM Financial Asset Management Pvt. Ltd. He has also been associated with organizations like Hindustan Composites Ltd, Tower Capital & Securities Pvt. Ltd and Multi-Arc India Limited.
Mr. Girish Kalra	Head - Marketing & Corporate Communications / 11 years	MBA, B.E. / 36 years	He has 11 years of experience in the field of marketing including 4 years plus experience in Asset Management Business. He has been associated with Mirae Asset AMC since September 2007. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Kalra was Sr. Manager - Marketing with Franklin Templeton Investments. He has also been associated with organizations like Pidilite Industries & Draft FCB-Ulka Advertising.
Mr. Joon Suk Park	Head – Business Development / 10 years	Master of Business Administration, (Management Information Science), Seoul University, Korea /	Mr. Park has over 10 years of experience in the field of financial services and is responsible for the Business Development function of the AMC including marketing, corporate communications and product development. In his last assignment,



		35 years	Mr. Park was working with Mirae Asset Global Investments, Korea in the product strategy division wherein he was responsible for launching of various funds and was simultaneously responsible for research and performance analysis of the same. Prior to joining Mirae Asset Mr. Park has worked with FNGUIDE; wherein he was responsible for research & Financial Planning.
Ms. Surbhi Shweta	Head – Human Resource / 9 years	Masters in Personnel Management / 34 years	Ms. Surbhi has over 9 years of experience in the field of Human Resources. She was associated with JM Financial Asset Management Pvt. Ltd as Sr. Manager - Human Resources and was responsible for recruitment, performance appraisal and training & development. Prior to that assignment, Ms. Surbhi was an Assistant Manager-Human Resources at Reliance Mutual Fund. Prior to that she has also worked with EXL Services Pvt. Ltd as a Graduate Trainee.
Mr. Yadnesh Chavan	Fund Manager – Fixed Income / 5 years	MBA from Indian Institute of Planning and Management, New Delhi/ 27 years	Mr. Yadnesh has over 5 years of experience in Fixed Income Dealing, Portfolio regulatory compliance & Management of Debt Portfolios. He is responsible for the overall Fund management of Fixed Income funds. His last assignment was with Aviva Life Insurance Company India Ltd, where he was assisting in management of debt portfolios & portfolio risk management. Prior to that, he was also associated with Investment team of ICICI Lombard General Insurance Co Ltd & Max New York Life Insurance Ltd. handling similar responsibilities.
Mr. Sukesh Shetty	Head – Operations / 15 years	B.Com, Associate Member from Insurance Institute of India (A.I.I.) / 40 years	He has over 15 years of experience in the field of financial services including 5 years of experience in Asset Management Business. He is responsible for the overall operations of the fund. He has been associated with the AMC from September, 2007. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Shetty was Manager — Operations with ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited. He has also been associated with organizations like Life Insurance Corporation of India.



Mr. Girish Dhanani	Head – Investor Relations / 11 years	B. Com, Masters in Financial Management / 34 years	He has over 11 years of experience in the field of financial services including 6 years of experience in Asset Management Business. He is responsible for the overall Investor Relations of the fund. He has been associated with the AMC from August, 2007. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Dhanani was Manager -Customer Service with SBI Funds Management Pvt. Ltd. Prior to that, he has worked with Birla Sun Life Asset Management Company Ltd. & IL&FS Investment Managers Limited as Senior Executive - Customer Service. He has also been associated with organizations like E-Serve International Ltd & World Network Services.
Mr. Basavraj Shetty	Fund Manager – Overseas Investment / 7½	B. Tech and MBA (Finance) / 37 years	He has 7½ years experience in Equity Research Analysis role. His primary responsibility includes Investment Analysis, Advisory & Fund Management. His last assignment was with Centrum Broking Pvt. Ltd., as an Equity Research Analyst. Prior to that, he was with J P Morgan India Pvt. Ltd as an Investment Banking – Associate. Mr. Shetty has also worked with Middle East Brokerage Company, Oman & First Global Stock Broking Pvt. Ltd. as an equity research analyst. He was also associated with IPCA Labs Ltd & ICI (India) Pvt. Ltd.
Mr. Nirman Morakhia	Equity Dealer / 5 1/2 years	B.M.S., MBA- Financial Markets / 27 years	He has over 5 and half years of experience in the field of Equity Research & Investments. He has been associated with the AMC as a Quantitative Analyst from November, 2007. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Nirman was a Research Analyst with Amit Nalin Securities Ltd. and Latin Manharlal Securities Ltd. Prior to that; he has also worked with Motilal Oswal Securities Ltd.
Mr. G. Sanjeev Kumar Dora	Dealer – Fixed Income/ 4 yrs	CA, CS, B.Com./ 30 years	He has 4 years experience in the field of financial services. He is responsible for execution of deals pertaining to debt investments. He has been associated with the AMC since February 2008 working as Jr. Credit Analyst. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Dora was associated with Deutsche Asset Management Company Pvt. Ltd. under





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		contractual terms.

All the key personnel are based at the Corporate Office of the AMC in Mumbai.

Fund Management, Research, Dealing

The AMC currently has 4 personnel in the fund management department, 2 personnel as dealer cum analysts and 1 research analyst. The AMC also has 1 personnel in Offshore Advisory.

• Fund Managers

Employee	Designation	Qualifications / Age	Total no. of years of experience	Assignments held during last 10 years	
Mr. Gopal Agrawal	Chief Investment Officer	B.E. (Chemical), M.B.M / 38 years	12 years	Gopal has over 12 years of experience in the field of finance and financial related services. Mr. Agrawal is responsible for supervision and management of Equity Investments. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Agrawal was the Fund Manager with SBI Mutual Fund. He has also been associated with organizations like Kotak Securities, HDFC Securities, IDBI Capital, UTI Securities and IPCL.	
Mr. Neelesh Surana	Head-Equity & Sr. Vice President	B.E. (Mechanical),MB A (Finance)/ 42 years	17 years	Neelesh has professional experience of more than 17 years and is responsible for Portfolio construction & monitoring. Prior to this assignment, Neelesh was associated ASK Investment Managers Pvt Ltd where he was responsible for tracking sectors like Metals, FMCG and Pharma.	
Mr. Yadnesh Chavan	Fund Manager – Fixed Income	MBA from Indian Institute of Planning and Management, New Delhi/ 27 years	5 years	Yadnesh has over 5 years of experience in Fixed Income Dealing, Portfolio regulatory compliance & Management of Debt Portfolios. He is responsible for the overall	



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				Fund management of Fixed Income funds. His last assignment was with Aviva Life Insurance Company India Ltd, where he was assisting in management of debt portfolios & portfolio risk management. Prior to that, he was also associated with Investment team of ICICI Lombard General Insurance Co Ltd & Max New York Life Insurance Ltd. handling similar responsibilities.
Mr. Basavraj Shetty	Fund Manager - Overseas Investment /	B. Tech and MBA (Finance) / 37 years	71/2	He has 7½ years experience in Equity Research Analysis role. His primary responsibility includes Investment Analysis, Advisory & Fund Management. His last assignment was with Centrum Broking Pvt. Ltd., as an Equity Research Analyst. Prior to that, he was with J P Morgan India Pvt. Ltd as an Investment Banking – Associate. Mr. Shetty has also worked with Middle East Brokerage Company, Oman & First Global Stock Broking Pvt. Ltd. as an equity research analyst. He was also associated with IPCA Labs Ltd & ICI (India) Pvt. Ltd.

• Offshore Advisory

Employee	Designation	Qualifications / Age	Total no. of years of experience	Assignments held during last 10 years
Mr. Abhijeet Dakshikar	Head – Offshore Advisory	B.E. (Mechanical), M.M.SFinance / 34 years	8	Prior to this assignment, Mr. Abhijeet was an Equity Research Analyst with ABN AMRO Asia Equities (India) Pvt. Ltd



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		and Man Financial
		Securities India Pvt.
		Ltd. Prior to that, he
		has worked with
		Shipping Corporation
		of India Ltd. as Marine
		Engineer.

• Research Analysts:

Employee	Designation	Qualifications / Age	Total no. of years of experience	Assignments held during last 10 years
Mr. Nirman Morakhia	Quantitative Analyst	BMS , MBA - Financial Markets/ 27 years	5½	HDFC Securities Ltd, Motilal Oswal Securities Ltd , Latin Mahanrlal Securities Ltd & Amit Nalin Securities Ltd.
Mr. G. Sanjeev Kumar Dora	Credit Analyst	CA, CS, B.Com./ 30 years	4	He has 4 years experience in the field of financial services. He is responsible for execution of deals pertaining to debt investments. He has been associated with the AMC since February 2008 working as Jr. Credit Analyst. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Dora was associated with Deutsche Asset Management Company Pvt. Ltd. under contractual terms.
Mr. Sumit Agrawal	Research Analyst	B.Com, CS, PGDM – Finance / 29 years	7	He has professional experience of more than 7 years and will be responsible for tracking Financial, Consumer & Real Estate sector. Mr. Agrawal was associated with ENAM Securities wherein he was responsible for preparing equity research reports under the Banking and Financial service



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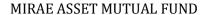
various channels.				companies	gence on coverage through
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Dealers

Employee	Designation	Qualifications	Total no. of years of experience	Assignments held during last 10 years
Mr. Nirman Morakhia	Equity Dealer	B.M.S., MBA- Financial Markets	5 1/2 years	He has over 5 and half years of experience in the field of Equity Research & Investments. He has been associated with the AMC as a Quantitative Analyst from November, 2007. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Nirman was a Research Analyst with Amit Nalin Securities Ltd. and Latin Manharlal Securities Ltd. Prior to that; he has also worked with Motilal Oswal Securities Ltd.
Mr. G. Sanjeev Kumar Dora	Dealer – Fixed Income	CA, CS, B.Com.	4	He has 4 years of experience in the field of financial services. He is responsible for execution of deals pertaining to debt investments. He has been associated with the AMC since February 2008 working as Jr. Credit Analyst. Prior to this assignment, Mr. Dora was associated with Deutsche Asset Management Company Pvt. Ltd. under contractual terms.

The Compliance Officer for the Schemes is **Mr. Ritesh Patel** and he may be contacted at the corporate office of the AMC at Unit 606, 6th Floor, Windsor Bldg, off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai - 400 098.

The Investor Relations Officer of the Fund is **Mr. Girish Dhanani** and he may be contacted at the corporate office of the AMC at Unit 606, 6th Floor, Windsor Bldg, off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai - 400 098.





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E. SERVICE PROVIDERS

(I) THE CUSTODIAN

Standard Chartered Bank (SCB), Mumbai has been appointed as custodian for the foll. schemes: Mirae Asset Global Commodity Stocks Fund, Mirae Asset China Advantage Fund, Mirae Asset Gilt Fund - Investment Plan & Savings Plan, Mirae Asset Cash Management Fund, Mirae Asset Liquid Fund, Mirae Asset Ultra Short Term Bond Fund, & Mirae Asset Short Term Bond Fund.

The address of the Standard Chartered Bank, Custodian is: Standard Chartered Bank, 23-25, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Mumbai 400001. The Custodian is registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Custodians of Securities) Regulations, 1996, vide registration number IN/CUS/006.

M/s. CITI Bank NA Mumbai, has also been appointed as custodian for Mirae Asset India Opportuntites Fund, Mirae Asset Emerging Bluechip Fund & Mirae Asset India-China Consumption Fund, schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund with effect from October 18, 2010:

The address of CITI Bank NA is: Securities & Fund Services, Citi India, 3rd Floor, Trent House, Plot No. G-60, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051. The Custodian is registered with SEBI as a Custodian of Securities under SEBI (Custodian of Securities) Regulations, 1996, vide registration no. IN/CUS/004.

The Mutual Fund has entered into a Custody Agreement with Standard Chartered Bank on October 15, 2007 & with Citi Bank NA on September 17, 2010, whose principal responsibilities under the said Agreements are to:

- Provide custodial services to the Mutual Fund;
- Ensure that benefits due on the holdings are received;
- Ensure segregation of assets between different Schemes of the Fund;
- Provide detailed information and other reports as required by the AMC;
- Maintain confidentiality of the transactions; and
- Be responsible for any loss or damage to the assets belonging to the Scheme due to negligence on its part or on the part of its approved agents.

The Custodian shall not assign, transfer, hypothecate, pledge, lend, use or otherwise dispose of any assets or property of the Fund, except pursuant to instruction from the Trustee / AMC or under the express provisions of the Custody Agreement. The Custodian will be entitled to remuneration for its services in accordance with the terms of the Custody Agreement and as estimated in the table pertaining to the recurring expenses in respect of the Scheme. Accordingly, the recurring expenses will be borne by the Unit Holders of the Scheme. The Trustee has the right to change the Custodian, in certain circumstances.

(II) THE REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT

Karvy Computershare Private Limited, located at Karvy Plaza, H.No. 8-2-596, Avenue 4, Street No. 1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad - 500 034 has been appointed as the Registrar and Transfer Agent and the dividend paying agent for the Fund in accordance with the Registrar and Transfer Agent Agreement dated October 12, 2007. The Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustees have satisfied themselves that the Registrars can provide the service required and have adequate facilities and system capabilities to discharge the responsibility with regard to processing of applications and dispatching of unit certificates to Unitholders within the time limit prescribed in the SEBI Regulations and also has sufficient capacity to handle investor



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complaints. The Registrar will be paid fees in accordance with the Agreement executed with them. The Registrar is registered with SEBI vide Registration No. INR000000221.

(III) STATUTORY AUDITORS

S.R Batliboi & Co., Chartered Accountants, having an office at 6th Floor, Express Towers, Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021, are the auditors appointed for the Fund. The audit fees for the Scheme will be borne by the Unit Holders as part of the recurring expenses of the Scheme. The Trustee has the right to change the Auditors.

(IV) LEGAL COUNSEL

The AMC, on a case to case basis, uses services of various legal consultants, experts on various issues pertaining to the smooth functioning of the business, from time to time.

(V) THE FUND ACCOUNTANT

Deutsche Investor Services Private Limited (DISPL), Mumbai has been appointed as the fund accountant for the Scheme. DISPL provides fund accounting, NAV calculation and other related services in accordance with a Funds Administration Services Agreement dated October 12, 2007 executed between the AMC and DISPL.

DISPL is entitled to remuneration for its services in accordance with the terms of the Funds Administration Services Agreement and such remuneration will be borne by the AMC and not by the Unit Holders of the Scheme. The AMC has the right to change the fund accountant in certain circumstances.

(VI) COLLECTION BANKERS

The Collection Banks to the NFO may be decided by the AMC from time to time. Applications for the NFO will be accepted at Designated Collection Centers.



F. CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION & PERFORMANCE OF THE SCHEMES

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE	ASSET LIQUII	D FUND
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch			27-Feb-2008
Date of Allotment			5-Mar-2008
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily)	990.1949	945.6649	929.0858
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	993.6521	949.1451	932.5139
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	992.6543	947.0068	930.4118
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly)	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	1001.9753	961.0880
Regular - Growth Option	1039.9265	993.2814	975.8787
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily)	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	-	-	-
Super Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily)	-	-	-
Super Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	-	-	-
Super Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-
Dividend:		-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily)	1060.7055	990.1949	945.6649



Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	1029.1217	993.6521	949.1451	
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	1063.3363	992.6543	947.0068	
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly)	-	-	-	
Regular - Dividend Plan	-	-	-	
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	-	1001.9753	
Regular - Growth Option	1113.9801	1039.9265	993.2814	
Regular - Dividend Transfer Option	-	-	-	
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	-	
Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-	
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily)	1000.0500	-	-	
Super Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	-	-	-	
Super Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-	
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)				
Regular - Growth	2.69%	1.28%	-0.32%	
Institutional - Growth	NA	NA	NA	
Super Institutional Plan - Growth	NA	NA	NA	
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	6.81%	6.29%	3.55%	
Standard Benchmark	Crisil 1 year T-Bill			
Standard Benchmark Returns	6.59%	3.86%	3.08%	
	1		0.88	
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	2.07	1.12	0.66	
	0.45%	0.41%	0.64%	

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET ULTRA SHORT TERM BOND FUND [^]		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch		I	29-Feb-2008



Date of Allotment			5-Mar-2008
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily)	1034.7636	987.6681	967.8501
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	1036.7453	990.0038	970.0568
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	1034.6812	987.5934	967.7710
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly)	-	-	986.8926
Regular - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	-	1009.3059
Regular - Growth Option	1085.8245	1036.4558	1015.6706
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily)	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-
Super Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily)	-	-	-
Super Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	-	-	
Super Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily) - Non Corporate	-	0.4359	-
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily) - Corporate	-	0.1395	-
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly) - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly) - Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly) - Non Corporate	-	0.4436	
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly) - Corporate	-	0.1518	
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly) - Non Corporate	-	0.2196	
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly) -	-		



Corporate		0.2047	
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily) - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Daily) - Corporate	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly) - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly) - Corporate	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Monthly) - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Monthly) - Corporate	-	-	-
Super Inst - Dividend Plan (Daily) - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Super Inst - Dividend Plan (Daily) - Corporate	-	-	-
Super Inst - Dividend Plan (Monthly) - Non Corporate	-	-	1
Super Inst - Dividend Plan (Monthly) - Corporate	-	-	-
Super Inst - Dividend Plan (Weekly) - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Super Inst - Dividend Plan (Weekly) - Corporate		-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily)	1110.0664	1034.7636	987.6681
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	1112.7469	1036.7453	990.0038
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	1110.0066	1034.6812	987.5934
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly)	-		-
Regular - Dividend Plan	-		-
Regular - Bonus Plan	-		-
Regular - Growth Option	1164.6088	1085.8245	1036.4558
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	-



Super Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	-	-	-
Super Institutional - Growth Option		-	-
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	3.89%	2.72%	1.74%
Institutional - Growth	NA	NA	NA
Super Institutional Plan - Growth	NA	NA	NA
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	6.81%	6.29%	3.55%
Standard Benchmark	Crisil 1 year T-Bill		
Standard Benchmark Returns	6.59%	3.86%	3.08%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	3.04	1.99	2.21
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	0.45%	0.44%	0.77%
Benchmark Index	Crisil Liquid Fund Index		

[^] Mirae Asset Liquid Plus fund has been renamed as Mirae Asset Ultra Short Term Bond Fund w. e. f. 17th February, 2009.

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET INDIA OPPORTUNITIES FUND		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch			11-Feb-2008
Date of Allotment			4-Apr-2008
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan	13.939	13.347	6.520
Regular - Growth Option	16.641	14.423	6.520
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	6.590
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Individual	1.50	1.50	0.90



Regular - Dividend Plan - Individual	1.50	1.50	0.90
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan	12.044	13.939	13.347
Regular - Growth Option	16.176	16.641	14.423
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	12.81%	18.58%	20.22%
Institutional - Growth	NA	NA	NA
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	3.26%	7.83%	7.68%
Standard Benchmark		Sensex	
Standard Benchmark Returns	-10.50%	10.94%	80.54%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	2.33.18	166.78	154.99
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	2.38%	2.41%	2.41%
Benchmark Index		BSE 200	

^{*} Absolute returns

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET GLOBAL COMMODITY STOCKS FUND		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch			24-Jun-2008
Date of Allotment			20-Aug-2008
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan	13.401	11.983	6.794
Regular - Growth Option	13.401	11.983	6.794
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-



Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan	12.047	13.401	11.983
Regular - Growth Option	12.047	13.401	11.983
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	3.32%	11.86%	11.86%
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	6.03%	16.27%	70.12%
Standard Benchmark	Sensex		
Standard Benchmark Returns	-10.50%	10.94%	80.54%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	8.03	42.95	52.88
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Benchmark Index	MSCI Asia Pacific ex-Japan Energy & Material Index (55%) + MSCI India Energy & Material Index - (35%) + MSCI Brazil Energy & Material Index - (10%) (with MSCI's 10/40 equity index methodology)		

^{*}Absolute returns

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET CASH MANAGEMENT FUND		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch			
Date of Allotment			
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily)	1029.5226	1027.7368	1007.8377
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	1051.7234	1029.9418	1007.8609
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	1050.5428	1028.7539	1007.8625
Regular - Growth Option	1051.6769	1029.8691	1007.8018



Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Daily)	1039.2350	1029.5226	1027.7368
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	1123.5994	1051.7234	1029.9418
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	1123.7591	1050.5428	1028.7539
Regular - Dividend Plan	-		-
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	-	-
Regular - Growth Option	1164.1730	1051.6769	1029.8691
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	4.84%	3.64%	2.45%
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	6.23%	6.30%	4.52%
Standard Benchmark	Cri	sil 1 year T-Bill	
Standard Benchmark Returns	6.59%	3.86%	3.08%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	7.76	8.18	1.76
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	0.45%	0.45%	0.45%
Benchmark Index	Crisil	Liquid Fund Index	

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET G	STMENT PLAN	
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch			22-Jan-2009
Date of Allotment			6-Feb-2009
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			



Regular - Dividend Plan	10.4840	10.3572	9.9428
Regular - Bonus Plan		-	9.9441
Regular - Growth Option	10.4822	10.3554	9.9412
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	10.3567	9.9427
Institutional - Growth Option	-	10.3561	9.9422
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Monthly	10.4839	10.3568	9.9424
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Quarterly	10.4830	10.3565	9.9424
Provident Fund Defined Maturity Date		10.3565	9.9424
Automatic Annual Reinvestment	10.4830	10.3565	9.9424
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan	11.2610	10.4840	10.3572
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	-	-
Regular - Growth Option	11.2590	10.4822	10.3554
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	10.3567
Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	10.3561
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Monthly	11.2634	10.4839	10.3568
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Quarterly	-	10.4830	10.3565
Provident Fund Defined Maturity Date	-	-	10.3565
Automatic Annual Reinvestment	-	10.4830	10.3565
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	3.84%	2.87%	1.64%
Institutional - Growth	NA	NA	1.64%
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	4.12%	3.12%	3.07%



Standard Benchmark	Crisil 10 year dated Gol security		
Standard Benchmark Returns	2.43%	4.61%	3.60%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	0.04	0.16	1.10
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	1.10%	1.46%	2.25%
Benchmark Index		I Sec Li-Bex	

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET GILT FUND – SAVINGS PLAN		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	April 01, 2009 to March 31,2010
Date of Launch		-	22-Jan-2009
Date of Allotment		-	6-Feb-2009
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan	10.2680	10.2066	10.0689
Regular - Bonus Plan		-	10.0823
Regular - Growth Option	10.2675	10.2062	10.0689
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	-
Institutional - Growth Option	-	10.2174	10.0724
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Half yearly	10.2763	10.2174	10.0824
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Quarterly	10.2680	10.2066	10.0824
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan	10.5889	10.2680	10.2066
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	-	-
Regular - Growth Option	10.5882	10.2675	10.2062
Institutional - Growth Option	-		-



Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Half yearly	-		10.2174
Provident Fund Automatic Capital Appreciation Quarterly	10.5921	10.2763-	10.2174
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	3.84%	1.79%	0.95%
Institutional - Growth	NA	NA	NA
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	5.59%	4.75%	6.09%
Standard Benchmark	Crisil 10 year dated Gol security		
Standard Benchmark Returns	2.43%	4.61%	3.60%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	0.02	0.03	0.04
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	1.20%	0.65%	1.22%
Benchmark Index	1	I Sec Si-Bex	

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET SHORT TERM BOND FUND		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	August 3, 2009 to March 31, 2010
Date of Launch		-	23-Jun- 2009
Date of Allotment		-	3-Aug- 2009
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	10.0519	10.1169	9.9791
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly)	10.3105	10.1169	9.9791
Regular - Dividend Plan	10.0612	10.1169	9.9791
Regular - Bonus Plan	-	-	-
Regular - Growth Option	10.5670	10.1167	9.9791
Regular - Fortnightly Dividend Reinvestment Option	-	10.1167	-
Institutional - Dividend Plan	-	-	9.9792



Institutional - Growth Option	-	10.1269	9.9792
Institutional - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	-	-	9.9792
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Weekly Dividend - Non Individual	0.4747	0.44	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Weekly Dividend - Individual	0.5479	0.15	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Monthly Dividend - Non Individual	0.4811	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Monthly Dividend - Individual	0.5549	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Quarterly Dividend - Non Individual	-	0.20	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Quarterly Dividend - Individual	-	0.22	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Growth Option	11.2853	10.5670	10.1167
Regular - Dividend Option	-	10.0612	10.1169
Regular - Dividend Plan (Weekly)	10.0905	10.0519	10.1169
Regular - Dividend Plan (Monthly)	10.0966	-	-
Regular - Fortnightly Dividend Reinvestment Option	-	-	10.1167
Regular - Dividend Plan (Quarterly)	11.0109	10.3105	10.1169
Institutional - Growth Option	-	-	10.1269
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	4.66%	3.38%	1.17%* -
Institutional - Growth	NA	NA	NA
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception) - CAGR	6.18%	4.93%	3.03%*
Standard Benchmark	Crisil 1 year T-Bill		
Standard Benchmark Returns	6.59%	3.86%	3.08%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	5.53	0.38	1.40
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	0.88%	0.76%	0.94%
Benchmark Index	CRISIL Short Term Bond Fund Index		

^{*} Absolute returns

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET CHINA ADVANTAGE





		FUND	
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	November 5, 2009 to March 31, 2010
Date of Launch		-	14-Sep- 2009
Date of Allotment		-	5-Nov-2009
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:			
Regular - Dividend Plan	11.078	9.571	10.007
Regular - Growth Option	11.078	9.571	10.007
Dividend:			
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)			
Regular - Dividend Plan	8.648	11.078	9.571
Regular - Growth Option	8.648	11.078	9.571
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)			
Regular - Growth	0.69	7.59%	-4.29%*
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception)*	0.17	1.73%	-3.47%*
Standard Benchmark		Sensex	
Standard Benchmark Returns	-10.50%	10.94%	80.54%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	50.94	101.39	26.37
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	2.15%	3.14%	0.65%
Benchmark Index	MSCI Chi	na Index (in II	NR Terms)
	1		

^{*} Absolute returns

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET EMERGING BLUECHIP FUND		
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011	
Date of Launch		24-May-2010	



Date of Allotment		9-Jul-2010
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:		
Regular - Dividend Plan	10.739	11.183
Regular - Growth Option	10.739	11.183
Dividend:		
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)		
Regular - Dividend Plan	11.569	10.739
Regular - Growth Option	11.569	10.739
% CAGR Return (Since Inception)		
Regular - Growth	8.81%	7.39%*
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception)	-4.18%	-3.14%*
Standard Benchmark	Sensex	
Standard Benchmark Returns	-10.50%	10.94%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	112.94	82.97
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	2.50%	2.50%
Benchmark Index	CNX MIDC	CAP Index

^{*}Absolute returns

Historical Per Unit Statistics	MIRAE ASSET INDIA-CHINA CONSUMPTION FUND	
	April 01, 2011 to March 31,2012	April 01, 2010 to March 31,2011
Date of Launch		9-Mar-2011
Date of Allotment	29-Mar-2	
NAV at the beginning of the year / Date of Allotment:		
Regular - Dividend Plan	10.061	10.061
Regular - Growth Option	10.061	10.061



Dividend:		
Regular - Dividend Plan - Non Corporate	-	-
Regular - Dividend Plan - Corporate	-	-
NAV at the end of the year / period (Rs.)		
Regular - Dividend Plan	10.968	10.061
Regular - Growth Option	10.968	10.061
% Absolute Return* (Since Inception)		
Regular - Growth	32.26%	0.61%*
Benchmark Returns (Since Inception)	40.43%	1.59%*
Standard Benchmark	Sense	эх
Standard Benchmark Returnes	-10.50%	10.94%
Net Assets end of the year / period (Rs. In Crores)	16.00	11.38
Ratio of Recurring Expenses to Average Daily Net Assets	2.50%	2.47%
Benchmark Index	MSCI India Consumption Index (65%) + MSCI China Consumption Index (35%) (with quarterly rebalancing) (Price in INR).	

^{*}Absolute returns



II HOW TO APPLY?

Application Forms / Transaction Slips for the Purchase of Units of the Scheme will be available at the ISCs / Distributors. Applications filled up and duly signed by all joint investors should be submitted along with the cheque / draft / other payment instrument to a Designated Collection Centre.

Please refer to the section "HOW TO PAY?" for details of payment.

Applications should be made in adherence to the minimum amount requirements as mentioned in section "MINIMUM PURCHASE & REDEMPTION AMOUNTS".

It is mandatory for every applicant to provide the name of the bank, branch, address, account type and number as per SEBI requirements and any Application Form without these details will be treated as incomplete. Such incomplete applications will be rejected. The Registrar / AMC may ask the investor to provide a blank cancelled cheque or its photocopy for the purpose of verifying the bank account number.

In accordance with SEBI circulars dated on April 27, 2007 and June 25, 2007, with effect from July 02, 2007, PAN issued by the Income Tax authorities is used as the sole identification number for all investors transacting in the securities market including mutual funds, irrespective of the amount of transaction. Thus, all investors (including resident and non-resident investors) have to provide PAN, along with a certified* copy of the PAN card for all transactions in Units of the Scheme irrespective of the amount of transaction. In case of investors who do not provide a certified* copy of the PAN card, the application for transaction in units of the Scheme of the Fund could be rejected.

On and from January 01, 2008, submitting a copy of the evidence of having applied for PAN/Form 60/Form 61 will not be valid and it will be mandatory for all investors to provide a certified* copy of the PAN card for all transactions in Units of the Scheme of the Fund.

WAIVER OF LOAD FOR DIRECT APPLICATIONS

Pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4 / 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 no entry load shall be charged for all mutual fund schemes. Therefore, the procedure for waiver of load for direct applications is no longer applicable.

The scheme application forms shall carry a suitable disclosure to the effect that the upfront commission to distributors will be paid by the investor directly to the distributor, based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.

The distributors are required to disclose all the commissions (in the form of trail commission or any other mode) payable to them for the different competing schemes of various mutual funds from amongst which the scheme is being recommended to the investor.

The said cicular shall be applicable for:

- Investments in mutual fund schemes (including additional purchases and switch-in to a scheme from other schemes) with effect from August 1, 2009.
- Redemptions from mutual fund schemes (including switch-out from other schemes) with effect from August 1, 2009.
- New mutual fund schemes launched on and after August 1, 2009,
- Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) registered on or after August 1, 2009.



Building on principles

Know Your Customer (KYC): The need to "Know Your Customer" is vital for the prevention of money laundering. In terms of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, the Rules issued there under and the guidelines/circulars issued by SEBI regarding the Anti Money Laundering (AML Laws), all intermediaries, including Mutual Funds, have to formulate and implement a client identification programme, verify and maintain the record of identity and address(es) of investors.

Revision in Know Your Customer (KYC) Procedure w.e.f. January 1, 2012:

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. MIRSD/ Cir-26/ 2011 dated December 23, 2011, SEBI (KYC Registration Agency) Regulations, 2011 and SEBI Circular No. MIRSD/SE/Cir-21/2011 dated October 5, 2011, regarding uniformity in the Know Your Customer (KYC) process in the securities market and development of a mechanism for centralization of the KYC records to avoid duplication of KYC Process across the intermediaries in the securities market and further to simplify KYC norms and make it more investor friendly, Mirae Asset Trustee Company Pvt. Limited, the Trustee to Mirae Asset Mutual Fund ("Mutual Fund"), with effect from January 1, 2012 (the "Effective Date"), has decided to make the following changes:

SEBI has introduced a common KYC Application Form for all the SEBI registered intermediaries viz. Mutual Funds, Portfolio Managers, Depository Participants, Stock Brokers, Venture Capital Funds, Collective Investment Schemes, etc.

For this purpose, KYC registration is being centralised through KYC Registration Agencies (KRA) registered with SEBI. Thus each investor has to undergo a uniform KYC process only once in the securities market and the details would be shared with other intermediaries by the KRA. CVL (CDSL Ventures Ltd.), who was retained by the mutual funds for centralised registration and record keeping of KYC records, has recently obtained SEBI registration as a KRA.

1. Requirement for the existing investors in mutual funds:

The existing investors in mutual funds who have already complied with the KYC requirement and have the KYC compliance letter issued to them by CDSL Ventures Limited are exempt from following the new KYC procedure effective January 01, 2012 but only for the purpose of making additional investment with any SEBI registered mutual fund.

If, however, the KYC compliant investors would like to deal with any SEBI registered intermediary other than mutual funds, they may have to follow the new KYC compliance procedure. AMFI committee shall provide a KYC update form covering the additional information as per the new uniform KYC norms and IPV for specific use by investors, who had complied with mutual fund KYC with CVL prior to 31st December, 2011. The KYC update form shall be uploaded on the website of the mutual fund, once it is available from AMFI.

2. Requirement for the new investors in mutual funds:

With effect from January 01, 2012, all investors other than KYC compliant investors as mentioned above are required to follow the new KYC compliance procedure as mentioned below while making any investments with the Fund:

- Fill up and sign the Common KYC application form [available on the Fund's web site i.e. www.miraeassetmf.co.in] (for individual investors or non-individual investors as appropriate) and carry out the KYC process including In-Person Verification (IPV) with any SEBI registered intermediaries including mutual funds
- At the time of transacting with the Fund, submit, **in person**, the completed KYC application form along with all the necessary documents as mentioned in the KYC application form with any of the offices of the distributors (qualified as per the following note), Registrar & Transfer Agent of the Fund or the Fund; and
- Obtain a temporary acknowledgement for submission of all the documents and completion of IPV:







Note: As per the SEBI circular MIRSD/Cir-26/2011 dated December 23, 2011, it is mandatory for SEBI registered intermediaries to carry out "In-Person Verification" ("IPV") of any investor dealing with a SEBI registered intermediary. The Mutual Fund may also undertake enhanced KYC measures & due diligence based on the internal client due diligence policy to commensurate with the risk profile of the investors.

For investments in a mutual fund, the Asset Management Companies, Registrar and Transfer Agents of mutual funds and distributors which comply with the certification process of National Institute of Securities Market or Association of Mutual Funds in India and have undergone the process of "Know Your Distributors" are authorised to carry out the IPV. Unless the IPV process is completed, the investor will not be considered as KYC_compliant under the new KYC_compliance procedure and hence will not be permitted to make any investment in the Fund.

For investors proposing to invest with the Fund directly (i.e. without being routed through any distributor), IPV done by a scheduled commercial bank may also be relied upon by the Fund.

- a. Attestation of documents and IPV shall be conducted only by the authorised employees of AMC, the RTA appointed by the AMC and the distributors who comply with the certification process of National Institute of Securities Market (NISM) or Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) and have undergone the process of 'Know Your Distributor (KYD).
- b. AMFI registered distributors also need to ensure that their registration is valid and have furnished necessary mandatory requirements such as self declaration, etc.
- c. The following shall be recorded on the KYC form;
 - I. Name of the person doing attestation of documents/IPV, his designation, organization, his signatures and date of IPV.
 - II. ARN code and name of the distributor in case of attestation/IPV done by a valid ARN holder.
 - III. In case the attestation/IPV is done by a sub broker, the sub broker conducting the attestation/IPV shall:
 - (i) Comply with the certification process of National Institute of Securities Market (NISM) or Association of Mutual Funds (AMFI) and have undergone the process of 'Know Your Distributor (KYD).
 - (ii) Affix on the KYC application form, in addition to his ARN code, the ARN code of the main distributor and the sub broker code allotted to him by the main distributor.
- d. In case of attestation/IPV done by a sub broker, the main distributor under whose code the folio is opened shall also be responsible for the KYC process, including the IPV, conducted by the sub broker.
- e. In case of applications received as "Direct" (not through a distributor), mutual funds may rely on attestation/IPV performed by an authorised official of a scheduled commercial bank.
- f. Attested copies of the KYC documents can be accepted, if the same are attested by the list of people authorised to attest the documents, as mentioned on the KYC forms.
- g. Entities / Authorised persons undertaking verification of documents and the IPV shall exercise due care and diligence while validating the documents and verifying the identity of the client in-person.
- h. Various due diligences to be exercised by the distributors (including sub-brokers who are registered with AMFI) while conducting the KYC process will form part of Code of Conduct prescribed for distributors.

Once all the documents are verified by a KRA, they will send the investor a letter within 10 working days from the date of receipt of necessary documents by them from the Fund or its Registrar and Transfer Agent



Building on principles

informing the investor either about compliance by the investor of the new KYC compliance procedure ("final acknowledgement") or any deficiency in submission of details or documents.

On the basis of the temporary acknowledgement or the final acknowledgement the investor need not undergo the same process again with another intermediary including mutual funds. However, Mirae Asset Mutual Fund reserves the right to carry out fresh KYC of the investor.

New KYC form can be submitted by an investor along with an investment application (purchase / additional purchase / switch / SIP mandate form / STP mandate form) and not on a stand alone basis, as was possible prior to 31/12/2011. However, an investor who has investments in any mutual fund and is not KYC compliant may submit new uniform KYC form to the mutual fund by quoting the folios number.

For Micro SIP Investors: In accordance with AMFI circular dated June 30, 2009 and final AMFI Guidelines received on July 14, 2009, on exemption of PAN for Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) where aggregate of installments in a rolling 12 month period or in a financial year i.e. April to March does not exceed upto Rs. 50,000 per year per investor, in case of any micro schemes such as SIPs upto Rs. 50,000 per year per investor, investors residing in the state of Sikkim, UN entities/multilateral agencies exempt from paying taxes/filing tax returns in India, transactions undertaken on behalf of Central/State Government and by officials appointed by Courts shall be exempted from the requirement of PAN.

However, new investors will also have to fill up the new KYC form along with the IPV requirements.

Mutual Funds shall accept any of other standard specified identification instruments like Voter ID card, Government/Defense ID card, Card of Reputed employer, Driving License, Passport, etc in lieu of PAN with effect from August 1, 2009.

In view of the above, Investors are requested to enclose copies of any of the said document(s) which shall be self attested and also attested by the ARN Holder.

Investor with PAN are not eligible for simplified KYC Procedure.

In accordance with AMFI circular dated June 30, 2009, on exemption of PAN for Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) upto Rs. 50,000 per year per investor, with effect from August 1, 2009;

- Investors (including joint holders) must submit a photocopy of any one of the documents identified mentioned above along with Micro SIP applications.
- Supporting document must be current and valid.
- Supporting document copy shall be self attested by the investor.
- While making subsequent Micro SIP applications with a mutual fund, investor can quote the existing folio number where a Micro SIP has been registered and therefore need not resubmit the supporting document.

THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS:

Mirae Asset Mutual Fund has decided to restrict the acceptance of Third Party Payments effective from November 15, 2010 (Effective Date) in accordance with AMFI guidelines. Accordingly third party payment instruments for subscriptions/ investments shall not be accepted by the AMC except in the following cases:

- i) Payment by Parents / Grand-Parents / Related Persons* on behalf of a minor in consideration of natural love and affection or as gift for a value not exceeding Rs. 50,000 for each regular purchase or per SIP installment; however this restriction will not be applicable for payment made by a quardian whose name is registered in the records of Mutual Fund in that folio.
- ii) Payment by employer on behalf of employee under Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) facility or lump sum / one-time subscription through payroll deductions. Asset management companies should exercise extra due





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diligence in terms of ensuring the authenticity of such arrangements from a fraud prevention and KYC perspectives;

iii) Custodian on behalf of an FII or a Client.

iii.a.) Payment by AMC to a Distributor empanelled with it on account of commission/incentive etc. in the form of the schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund through Systematic Investment Plans or lump sum / one-time subscription, subject to compliance with SEBI Regulations and Guidelines issued by AMFI, from time to time. The AMC shall exercise extra due diligence in terms of ensuring the authenticity of such arrangements from a fraud prevention and ensure compliance with provisions of PMLA Act regarding prevention of money laundering etc..

"Third Party Payment" means payment made through an instrument issued from a bank account other than that of the first named applicant / investor mentioned in the application form. In case of payment instruments issued from a joint bank account, the first named applicant / investor must be one of the joint holders of the bank account from which the payment instrument is issued.

* 'Related Person' means any person investing on behalf of a minor in consideration of natural love and affection or as a gift.

In cases a payment is covered under above exceptions, the following additional documents are also required to be mandatorily provided together with the Application Form:-

- (i) Mandatory KYC Acknowledgment letter for all investors (guardian in case of minor) **and** the person making the payment i.e. third party.
- (ii) Submission of a separate, duly filed and valid 'Third Party Payment Declaration Form' from the investors (guardian in case of minor) and the person making the payment i.e. third party. The said form shall be available on the AMC Website/ at Investor Service Centres.

Investors are requested to further note as follows:

- 1. Registration of Pay-in Bank account: The investor at the time of his subscription for units must provide the details of his Pay-in bank account (i.e. account form which subscription payment is made) and his Pay-out bank account (i.e account into which redemption/ dividend proceeds are to be paid). The details on facility for registration of Multiple Bank Accounts are mentioned hereafter.
- 2. Subscription through Pre-funded instruments like Pay Order /Demand Draft etc: In case of subscription through pre-funded instruments such as Pay Order- Demand Draft/ Bankers Cheque, such pre-funded instruments should be procured by the Investor against registered pay-in account. Along with the payment instrument, the Investor is also required to submit a Certificate from the Banker issuing the pre-funded payment instrument stating the account holders name and the account number from which the amount has been debited for the issue of the instrument.
- 3. Subscription through Pre-funded instruments (Demand Draft, Pay-order etc.) procured against cash: Subscription through Pre-funded instruments procured against cash shall only be accepted for investments below Rs.50,000/-. Investor is required to provide a certificate from Banker stating the name, address and PAN (if available) of the person requisitioning such pre-funded instruments.
- 4. Subscriptions through RTGS, NEFT, ECS, bank transfer etc: In such case, Investor is required to provide a copy which has been provided to the Bank indicating the account number and the debit instructions.
- 5. For payment through online mode, AMC may match payer account details with registered Pay-in-bank accounts of the investor.





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All the above mentioned documents, to the extent applicable, are required to be provided with the Application Form.

The above broadly covers the various modes of payment for mutual fund subscriptions. The above list is not a complete list and is only indicative in nature and not exhaustive. Any other method of payment, as introduced by the Mutual Fund, will also be covered under these provisions.

Investors transacting through BSE StAR MF Platform under the electronic order collection system will have to comply with norms / rules as prescribed by Stock Exchange(s).

In case the application for subscription is not in accordance with the above provisions, the AMC reserves the right to reject the application.

Safe Mode for Writing/ Drawing Cheques : In order to prevent fraudulent practices, it is recommended that the subscription payment instruments such as cheque/ demand draft/ pay order be drawn in the favour of scheme account followed by the name of the sole or 1st joint holder/ his PAN/ folio number.

For e.g. "ABC Scheme A/c Permanent Account Number" or "ABC Scheme A/c First Investor Name" or "ABC Scheme A/c-Folio Number".

Applications incomplete in any respect (other than mentioned above) will be liable to be rejected.

The KYC status will be validated with the records of the Central Agency before allotting units of the scheme of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, which in turn will not be held responsible and / or liable for rejection of KYC form, if any, by the Central Agency.

Provided further, where it is not possible to verify the KYC compliance status of the investor at the time of allotment of units, the Trustee / AMC shall verify the KYC compliance status of the investor within a reasonable time after the allotment of units. In the event of non compliance of KYC requirements, the Trustee / AMC reserves the right to freeze the folio of the investor(s) and if necessary and deemed fit affect mandatory redemption of unit holdings of the investors at the applicable NAV, subject to payment of exit load, if any and recovery of unamortized NFO expenses.

[®] Valid only where investors who have already obtained the erstwhile Mutual Fund Identification Number (MIN) by submitting the PAN copy as the Proof of Identity.

*Investors are requested to submit a copy along with the original for verification at the Investor Service Centers of the Fund/Karvy Computershare Private Ltd., which will be returned across the counter. A Bank Manager's attestation or a Notarized copy will also be accepted.

However, as per letter received by AMFI dated June 19, 2009 from SEBI wherein it has been conveyed that micro schemes such as SIPs upto Rs. 50,000 per year per investor shall be exempted from the requirement of PAN. The letter further states that this may be operationalised by accepting other standard specified identification instruments like Voter ID card, Government/Defense ID card, Card of Reputed employer, Driving License, Passport in lieu of PAN.

Following shall be the uniform procedure for implementation of the SEBI letter.

Applicability & Transactions covered:

The following transactions will be covered:

Systematic Investment Plans (SIPs) where aggregate of installments in a financial year i.e. April to March does not exceed Rs 50,000 (to be referred as "Micro SIP" hereinafter).

The following transactions will not be covered as they are currently not considered either for PAN or KYC requirement:





- Redemption
- Switch
- Systematic Transfer Plans
- Systematic Withdrawal Plans
- Dividend Reinvestments / Sweep transactions

This exemption will also not be applicable to normal purchase transactions upto Rs. 50,000 which will continue to be subject to PAN requirement.

This exemption will be applicable ONLY to investments by individuals (including NRIs but not PIOs), Minors and Sole proprietary firms. HUFs and other categories will not be eligible for Micro SIPs.

The exemption is applicable to joint holders also.

KYC procedure:

- New investors will also have to fill up the new KYC form along with the IPV requirements.
- Investors (including joint holders) will submit a photocopy of any one of the documents identified above along with Micro SIP applications.
- Supporting document must be current and valid.
- Supporting document copy shall be self attested by the investor.
- While making subsequent Micro SIP applications with a mutual fund, investor can quote the existing folio number where a Micro SIP has been registered and therefore need not resubmit the supporting document.
- Existing SIP forms may be modified to provide for additional columns for (1) marking the application as 'Micro SIP" (2) providing the date of birth and (3) listing the type of the supporting document and identification number (if any).
- RTA will capture the details as part of the investor registration.

Any one of the following PHOTO IDENTIFICATION documents can be submitted along with Micro SIP applications as proof of identification in lieu of PAN.

- Voter Identity Card
- Driving License
- Government / Defense identification card
- Passport
- Photo Ration Card
- Photo Debit Card (Credit card not included because it may not be backed up by a bank account).
- Employee ID cards issued by companies registered with Registrar of Companies (database available
 in the following link of Ministry of Company affairs
 http://www.mca.gov.in/DCAPortalWeb/dca/MyMCALogin.do?method=setDefaultProperty&mode=31)





- ballaling of principles
- Photo Identification issued by Bank Managers of Scheduled Commercial Banks / Gazetted Officer / Elected Representatives to the Legislative Assembly / Parliament
- ID card issued to employees of Scheduled Commercial / State / District Co-operative Banks.
- Senior Citizen / Freedom Fighter ID card issued by Government.
- Cards issued by Universities / deemed Universities or institutes under statutes like ICAI, ICWA, ICSI.
- Permanent Retirement Account No (PRAN) card isssued to New Pension System (NPS) subscribers by CRA (NSDL).
- Any other photo ID card issued by Central Government / State Governments / Municipal authorities / Government organizations like ESIC / EPFO.

The said procedure shall be implemented by all mutual funds latest by August 1, 2009.

The AMC shall implement the uniform KYC procedure for Micro SIP as per AMFI circular 35P/MEM-COR/4/09-10 dated July 14, 2009 with the following additional requirement. In addition to the photo identification documents referred above, the AMC shall take a copy of the proof of address which is self attested and attested by the ARN holder.

In order to protect investors from frauds, it is advised that the Application Form number / folio number and name of the first investor should be written overleaf the cheque / draft, before they are handed over to any courier / messenger / distributor / ISC.

In order to protect investors from fraudulent encashment of cheques, the Regulations require that cheques for Redemption of Units specify the name of the Unit Holder and the bank name and account number where payments are to be credited. Hence, all applicants for Purchase of Units must provide a bank name, bank account number, branch address, and account type in the Application Form.

Investors are requested to note that Mirae Asset Mutual Fund shall adopt the following process for change/ updation of Mandate Bank Account / Change of Address w.e.f 1st May, 2012:

A. Process for change in Bank Mandate

- 1. Investors must submit duly filled "Multiple Bank Account Registration Form or Change of Bank Mandate form" at any of the official point of acceptance of transaction of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.
- 2. The investors must submit in original any one of the following documents of the new bank account:
- a. Cancelled original cheque of the new bank mandate with first unit holder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque.
- b. Self-attested copy of bank statement.
- c. Bank passbook with current entries not older than 3 months.
- d. Bank Letter duly signed by branch manager/authorized personnel.
- 4. If photocopies of the above stated documents are submitted, investor must produce the original for verification at the official point of acceptance of transaction. The original shall be returned to the investor over the counter upon verification. Kindly note that if the originals are not produced for verification, then the photocopies submitted should be attested in original by the Branch Manager or Authorised personnel of the Bank.
- 3. There shall be a cooling period of 10 calendar days for validation and registration of new bank account. In case of receipt of redemption request during this cooling period, the validation of new Bank mandate and





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dispatch of redemption proceeds shall be completed within 10 working days to the new bank account; however, the AMC reserves the right to process the redemption request in the old bank mandate, if the credentials of the new bank mandate cannot be authenticated.

4. In case, the request for change in bank mandate is invalid/incomplete/dissatisfactory in respect of signature mismatch/document insufficiency/not complying with any requirement as stated above, the request for such change will not be processed and redemption/Dividend proceeds, if any, will be processed in the last registered Bank account.

B. Process for change in Address

1. Investors must submit duly filled "Change of Address form" along with any one of the following documents at any of the official point of acceptance of transaction of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

a. KYC Not Complied Folios/Clients:

- Proof of new Address, and
- Proof of Identity (POI): Only PAN card copy if PAN is updated in the folio, or PAN/other proof of identity if PAN is not updated in the folio.

b. KYC Complied Folios/Clients

- Proof of new Address (POA),
- Any other document/form that the KRA may specify form time to time.
- 2. Investors are requested to note that if photocopies of the above stated documents are submitted, it must be produced along with the original for verification at the official point of acceptance of transaction. The original shall be returned to the investor over the counter upon verification. Kindly note if the originals are not produced for verification, then the photocopies submitted should be properly attested/verified by the entities authorised for attesting/verification of the documents.

Any request for Change in Bank Mandate / Change in Address must be submitted independently of any other transaction; however if so submitted, such request for change will not be considered for processing.

How to Pay? OR Mode of Payment

Resident Investors:

All cheques / drafts / payment instrument must be drawn favoring Scheme name. They should be crossed "Account Payee only". A separate cheque / draft / payment instrument must accompany each application. If the amount mentioned in the application is different from the amount mentioned in the accompanying cheque / demand draft/payment instrument, then the AMC reserves the right to reject such ambiguous applications.

Payment can be made by either:

- Cheque
- Draft (i.e. demand draft or bank draft) or
- A payment instrument (such as pay order, banker's cheque, etc.)

The cheque should be payable at a bank's branch, which is situated at and is a member of the Banker's Clearing House /Zone in the city where the application is submitted to a Designated Collection Centre. No outstation cheques/post dated cheques/non MICR cheques will be accepted.





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The following modes of payment are not valid, and applications accompanied by such payments are liable to be rejected.

- Outstation cheques will **not** be accepted (i.e. if the cheque is payable at a bank's branch which does not participate in the local clearing mechanism of the city where the application is submitted).
- Cash, money orders or postal orders will **not** be accepted.
- Post-dated cheques (except for applications for purchasing Units under SIP of the Scheme) will not be accepted.

If the applicant is a resident of a city not serviced by an Investor Service Centre or the collection bank is not present, as designated by the AMC from time to time, and submits a demand draft (DD) for the investment amount, the AMC shall bear the bank charges for the DD incurred by the applicant for such payment, by allotting Units for the amount inclusive of such DD charges. The Fund will bear the demand draft charges subject to maximum of Rs. 50,000/- per transaction for purchase of units by investors residing at location where the Asset Management Company (AMC's) Customer Service Centers/ Collection Centers are not located as mentioned in the table below:

Amount of investment	Rate of Charges of Demand Draft(s)
Upto Rs. 10,000/-	At actuals, subject to a maximum of Rs. 50/-
Above Rs. 10,000/-	Rs. 3/- per Rs. 1,000/-
Maximum Charges	Rs. 50,000

AMC reserves the right to refuse bearing of demand draft charges, in case of investments made by the same applicant(s) through multiple applications at its own discretion which will be final and binding on the investor.

Investors residing at places other than where the AMC Customer Service Centers/ Collection Centers are located, are requested to make the payment by way of demand draft(s) after deducting charges as per the rates indicated in the above table. It may be noted that additional charges, if any, incurred by the investor over and above the levels indicated above will not be borne by the Fund.

No demand draft charges will be borne by the Fund for purchase of Units by investors residing at such locations where the Customer Service Centers/Collection Centers of the AMC are located.

The Trustee shall have absolute discretion to accept/reject any application for purchase of Units, if in the opinion of the Trustee, increasing the size of Scheme's Unit capital is not in the general interest of the Unitholders, or the Trustee for any other reason believes it would be in the best interest of the Schemes or its Unitholders to accept/reject such an application.

The AMC shall, however, not refund any DD charges to the investor under any circumstances.

Note: The Trustee, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment.

NRIs OR FIIs OR Sub Account of FIIs:

Repatriation Basis:

In the case of NRIs / PIOs, payment may be made either by inward remittance through normal banking channels or out of funds held in a Non - Resident (External) Rupee Account (NRE) / Foreign Currency (Non-Resident) Account (FCNR).





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Fils may pay their subscriptions either by inward remittance through normal banking channels or out of funds held in a Non-Resident Rupee Account maintained with the designated branch of an authorized dealer in accordance with the relevant exchange management regulations.

- Applications on a Repatriable basis will be made by remitting funds from abroad through normal banking channels or by submitting payments made by demand drafts/pay orders/banker's cheque or by cheques drawn on NRE accounts or through Special Non-Resident Rupee Accounts maintained with banks authorized to deal in foreign exchange in India.
- NRI applicants who invest through Demand Drafts/ Banker's Cheques/ Pay Orders by debit to a NRE/FCNR account are also required to submit the FIRC (Foreign Inward Remittance Certificate) in original along with the application form at the time of applying.

FIRC is not required for investments made through cheques drawn on NRE accounts or through Special Non-resident Rupee Accounts where the cheque clearly indicates that the account type is an NRE account through which the Investment is done.

If the purchase is through a DD from any bank or an exchange company then the said FIRC confirming that the DD was drawn or made through your NRE source of funds would be required each and every time you give us a purchase request.

All investors may make only a cheque/D.D. for the application amount payable to the scheme as specified
in the application form. The investors are advised to fill up the details of their bank account numbers on
the application form in the space provided. No cash would be accepted. If the investments are through
your NRE cheque than the bankers certificate etc. will not be required.

Non-repatriation Basis:

In the case of NRIs, payment may be made either by inward remittance through normal banking channels or out of funds held in an NRE / FCNR / Non-Resident Ordinary Rupee Account (NRO).

Applicants under Power of Attorney:

An applicant wanting to transact through a power of attorney must lodge the photocopy of the Power of Attorney (PoA) attested by a Notary Public or the original PoA (which will be returned after verification) within 30 Days of submitting the Application Form / Transaction Slip at a Designated Collection Centre. Applications are liable to be rejected if the power of attorney is not submitted within the aforesaid period.

Companies/Corporate Bodies/Registered Societies/Trusts/Partnerships:

In case of an application by a company, body corporate, society, mutual fund, trust or any other organization not being an Individual, a duly certified copy of the relevant resolution or document along with the updated Specimen Signature list of Authorized Signatories must be lodged within 7 Business Days along with the Application Form / Transaction Slip at a Designated Collection Centre. Further, the AMC may require that a copy of the incorporation deeds / constitutive documents (e.g. Memorandum and Articles of Association) be also submitted to the Registrar. Requests for redemption may not be processed if the necessary documents are not submitted within the aforesaid period.







DEDUCTION OF TRANSACTION CHARGES FOR INVESTMENTS THROUGH DISTRIBUTORS/AGENTS:

In accordance with SEBI circular no. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, the AMC/ Mutual Fund shall w.e.f 1st November, 2011, deduct the Transaction Charges on purchase/ subscription received from first time mutual fund investors and investor other than first time mutual fund investors through the distributor/ agent (who have opted to receive the transaction charges) as under:

(i) First Time Mutual Fund Investor[^] (across Mutual Funds):

With effect from 1st November, 2011, transaction charge of Rs. 150/- for subscription of Rs. 10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/ agent of the first time investor and the balance shall be invested.

^An investor who invests for the first time ever in any mutual fund either by way of subscription or systematic investment plan.

(ii) Investor other than First Time Mutual Fund Investor:

With effect from 1st November, 2011, transaction charge of Rs. 100/- per subscription of Rs. 10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/ agent of the investor and the balance shall be invested.

However, transaction charges in case of investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) registered on or after 1st November, 2011, shall be deducted only if the total commitment (i.e. amount per SIP installment x Number of installments) amounts to Rs. 10,000/- or more. The Transaction Charges shall be deducted in 4 installments i.e. from the 2nd to the 5th installment, equally.

(iii) Transaction charges shall not be deducted for:

- (a) purchases/ subscriptions for an amount less than Rs. 10,000/- or a commitment value of SIP (registered on or after 1st November, 2011) being lesser than Rs.10,000/-;
- (b) transactions other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch/ STP/SWP, etc.
- (c) purchases/ subscriptions made directly with the Fund without any ARN code (i.e. not routed through any distributor/ agent).
- (d) transactions carried out through the stock exchange platform (i.e. BSE StAR MF Platform).

The statement of account will clearly state that the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and give the number of units allotted against the net investment.

It is also clarified that as per SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 4/ 168230/09, dated June 30, 2009, upfront commission to distributors shall continue to be paid by the investor directly to the distributor by a separate cheque based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor





INTRODUCTION OF NEW FACILITY FOR PURCHASE/REDEMPTION OF UNITS OF MIRAE ASSET MUTUAL FUND SCHEME(S) THROUGH THE BSE StAR MF (BSE Stock Exchange Platform for Allotment and Repurchase of Mutual Funds)

In furtherance of SEBI facilitating transactions in Mutual Fund schemes through the stock exchanges infrastructure vide SEBI circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 11/183204//2209 dated November 13, 2009 and further in order to expand the reach of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund scheme(s) to more towns and cities, Mirae Asset Mutual Fund has decided to offer units of the certain schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund for purchase/redemption on the BSE StAR MF Platform. The introduction of this facility is pursuant to guidelines issued by SEBI and Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).

Accordingly, trading member of BSE can facilitate investors to subscribe and redeem the mutual fund units using their existing network and order collection mechanism provided by BSE.

List of eligible Scheme(s) are:

- 1. Mirae Asset India Opportunities Fund (MAIOF); (effective from March 12, 2010)
- 2. Mirae Asset Global Commodity Stocks Fund (MAGCF); (effective from March 12, 2010)
- 3. Mirae Asset China Advantage Fund (MACAF); (effective from March 12, 2010)
- 4. Mirae Asset Emerging Bluechip Fund (MAEBF); (effective from January 18, 2011)
- 5. Mirae Asset India-China Consumption Fund (MAI-CCF); (effective from 31st March, 2011)

or such other schemes as may be notified by Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited (AMC) from time to time.

The following are the salient features of the new facility introduced for the benefit of investors:

- 1. This facility i.e. purchase/redemption of units will be available to both existing and new investors. Switching of units will not be permitted.
- 2. The investors will be eligible to only purchase /redeem units of the aforesaid schemes. The list of eligible schemes is subject to change from time to time.
- 3. All trading members of BSE who are registered with AMFI as Mutual Fund Advisors and who have signed up with AMC and also registered with BSE as Participants ("AMFI certified stock exchange brokers") will be eligible to offer this facility to investors.
- 4. BSE StAR MF is an electronic platform introduced by BSE for transacting in units of mutual funds. The units of eligible Schemes are not listed on BSE and the same cannot be traded on the Stock Exchange. The window for purchase/redemption of units on BSE will be available between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. or such other timings as may be decided.
- 5. Mirae Asset Mutual Fund has currently entered into an arrangement with BSE for facilitating transactions in select Mirae Asset Mutual Fund schemes through the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. Investors who are interested in transacting in eligible schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund should register themselves with AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. The AMC may enter into a similar agreement with any other stock exchange for providing the same facility as laid down herein. The AMC may notify the investors about the same, from time to time.
- 6. The eligible AMFI certified stock exchange brokers will be considered as Official Points of Acceptance (OPA) of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.
- 7. Investors have an option to hold the units in physical or dematerialized form.





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- 8. Investments can be made through SIP (Systematic Investment Plan) on the BSE Stock Exchange Platform for allotment and repurchase of Mutual Fund (BSE StAR MF Platform) of Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. (BSE) in all the plans & options.
- 9. Investors will be able to purchase/redeem units in eligible schemes in the following manner:

Purchase of Units:

a. Physical Form

The investor who chooses the physical mode is required to submit all requisite documents along with the purchase application (subject to applicable limits prescribed by BSE or any other stock exchange as specified from time to time) to the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. The AMFI certified stock exchange broker shall verify the application for mandatory details and KYC compliance. After completion of the verification, the purchase order will be entered in the Stock Exchange system and an order confirmation slip will be issued to investor. The investor will transfer the funds to the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. Allotment details will be provided by the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers to the investor.

b. Dematerialized Form

The investors who intend to deal in depository mode are required to have a demat account with CDSL/NSDL. The investor who chooses the depository mode is required to place an order for purchase of units (subject to applicable limits prescribed by BSE or any other stock exchange as specified from time to time) with the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. The investor should provide their depository account details to the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. The purchase order will be entered in the Stock Exchange system and an order confirmation slip will be issued to investor. The investor will transfer the funds to the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. Allotment details will be provided by the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers to the investor.

ii. Redemption of Units:

a. Physical Form

The investor who chooses the physical mode is required to submit all requisite documents along with the redemption application (subject to applicable limits prescribed by BSE or any other stock exchange as specified from time to time) to the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. The redemption order will be entered in the Stock Exchange system and an order confirmation slip will be issued to investor. The redemption proceeds will be credited to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with Mirae Asset Mutual Fund.

b. Dematerialized Form

The investors who intend to deal in depository mode are required to have a demat account with CDSL/ NSDL and units converted from physical mode to demat mode prior to placing of redemption order. The investor who chooses the depository mode is required to place an order for redemption (subject to applicable limits prescribed by BSE or any other stock exchange as specified from time to time) with the AMFI certified stock exchange brokers. The investors should provide their Depository Participant with Depository Instruction Slip with relevant units to be credited to Clearing Corporation pool account. The redemption order will be entered in the system and an order confirmation slip will be issued to investor. The redemption proceeds will be credited to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with the Depository Participant.

10. Applications for purchase/redemption of units which are incomplete /invalid are liable to be rejected.



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- 11. Separate folios will be allotted for units held in physical and demat mode. In case of non-financial requests/ applications like change of address, investors should approach Investor Service Centers (ISCs) of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund/ CDSL Ventures Ltd. For request/ applications like change of bank details etc. investor should approach Investor Service Centers (ISCs) of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund if units are held in physical mode and the respective Depository Participant(s) if units are held in demat mode.
- 12. An account statement will be issued by Mirae Asset Mutual Fund to investors who purchase/ redeem their units under this facility in physical mode. In case of investors who intend to deal in units in depository mode, a demat statement will be sent by Depository Participant showing the credit/debit of units to their account which would be adequate compliance of the requirements in respect of the dispatch of the statement of accounts.
- 13. The applicability of NAV will be subject to guidelines issued by SEBI on Uniform cut-off timings for applicability of NAV of Mutual Fund Scheme(s)/Plan(s). Currently, the cut-off time is 3.00 p.m. for these Schemes.
- 14. In case units are desired to be held by investors in dematerialized form, the KYC performed by the Depository Participant(s) shall be considered as compliance with SEBI Circular ISD/AML/CIR-1/2008 dated December 19, 2008.
- 15. Investors will have to comply with Know Your Customer (KYC) norms as prescribed by BSE/CDSL/ NSDL (or any other stock exchange as specified from time to time) and Mirae Asset Mutual Fund to participate in this facility.
- 16. Investors should get in touch with Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund for further details.

The transactions carried out on the BSE StAR MF shall be subject to such guidelines as may be issued by BSE, SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder from time to time or by any other stock exchange as specified from time to time.

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/10/2010 dated August 18, 2010 on transferability of mutual fund units, units of all the schemes of the Fund (presently, Mirae Asset India Opportunities Fund (MAIOF), Mirae Asset Global Commodity Stocks Fund (MAGCSF) and Mirae Asset China Advantage Fund (MACAF)) which are held in demat form shall be freely transferable under the depository system with effect from October 1, 2010.

Additional facility for purchase / redemption of Mutual Fund units of Eligible Schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund:

A new facility for purchase / redemption of units of Eligible Schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund through the Bombay Stock Exchange infrastructure viz. BSE StAR MF Platform was introduced and pursuant to SEBI Circular No.CIR/IMD/DF/17/2010 dated November 9, 2010, Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited, the Trustees to Mirae Asset Mutual Fund, effective December 24, 2010 ('the effective date') has decided:

- that units of mutual funds schemes may be permitted to be transacted through clearing members of the registered Stock Exchanges;
- ii) to permit Depository participants of registered Depositories to process only redemption request of units held in demat form.

The following provision shall be applicable with respect to investors having demat account and purchasing and redeeming mutual funds units through stock exchange brokers and Clearing members:

a. Investors shall receive redemption amount (if units are redeemed) and units (if units are purchased) through broker/clearing member's pool account. Mirae Asset Mutual Funds (MF) ("the Mutual Fund")/





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Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Pvt. Ltd. ("the AMC") would pay proceeds to the broker/clearing member (in case of redemption) and broker/clearing member in turn to the respective investor and similarly units shall be credited by AMC/Mutual Fund into broker/clearing member's pool account (in case of purchase) and broker/clearing member in turn to the respective investor's demat account.

b. Payment of redemption proceeds to the broker/clearing members by AMC/Mutual Fund shall discharge MF / AMC of its obligation of payment to individual investor. Similarly, in case of purchase of units, crediting units into broker/clearing member pool account shall discharge MF/AMC of its obligation to allot units to individual investor.

Investors should note that Clearing members and Depository participants will be considered as official points of acceptance (OPA) in accordance with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.11/78450/06 dated October 11, 2006 and conditions stipulated in SEBI Circular dated November 13, 2009 for stock brokers Viz. AMFI /NISM certification, code of conduct prescribed by SEBI for Intermediaries of Mutual Fund, shall be applicable for such Clearing members and Depository participants as well.

Option to subscribe/hold Units in dematerialized (demat) form:

Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/9/2011 dated May 19, 2011, an option to subscribe in dematerialized (demat) form the units of all the Scheme(s)/Plan(s)/Options(s) is provided to the investors effective October 1, 2011.

Consequently, the Unit holders under the Scheme(s)/Plan(s) /Options(s) shall have an option to subscribe/ hold the Units in demat form in accordance with the provisions laid under the respective Scheme(s)/Plan(s) /Options(s) and in terms of the guidelines/ procedural requirements as laid by the Depositories (NSDL/CDSL) from time to time. If the demat account details are found to be invalid, the investor shall continue to hold the units in physical form.

In case, the Unit holder desires to hold the Units in a Dematerialized / Rematerialized form at a later date, the request for conversion of units held in non-demat form into Demat (electronic) form or vice-versa should be submitted along with a Demat/ Remat Request Form to their Depository Participants.

The option to subscribe/hold units in demat option is available for SIP transactions. However, the units shall be allotted based on the applicable NAV as per the SID and shall be credited to investors demat account on weekly basis upon realization of funds. For e.g. Units will be credited to investors demat account every Monday for realization status received in last week from Monday to Friday.

Investors may kindly note that, no statement of account will be generated by the Registrar & Transfer Agent ('Karvy') and all those folios for which demat conversion request is received will be blocked for generation of statement of account. Investors may kindly note that if folio number is provided along with additional subscription (against demat folio), the same will be treated as new transaction and fresh folio will be created.

The DPs shall send the unit balances / confirmations to the investors. The Investors have to approach his/ her DP for all change request updates /holding statements. The R&T of the Mutual Fund shall not accept any requests for change from the investors. Investors shall also note that partial allotment / conversion of units to Demat within the scheme shall not be permitted.

UNITS HELD IN DEMAT FORM WILL BE TRANSFERABLE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS LAID UNDER THE RESPECTIVE SCHEME(S)/PLAN(S) AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROVISIONS OF DEPOSITORIES ACT, 1996 AND THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (DEPOSITORIES AND PARTICIPANTS) REGULATIONS, 1996 AS MAY BE AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME.





Ш. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS OF THE SCHEME

- 1. Unit holders of the Scheme have a proportionate right in the beneficial ownership of the assets of the Scheme.
- 2. When the Mutual Fund declares a dividend under the Scheme, the dividend warrants shall be despatched within 30 days of the declaration of the dividend. Account Statement reflecting the new or additional subscription as well as Redemption / Switch of Units shall be despatched to the Unit holder within 10 business days of the Specified Redemption Date. Provided if a Unit holder so desires the Mutual Fund shall issue a Unit certificate (non-transferable) within 30 days of the receipt of request for the certificate.
- 3. The Mutual Fund shall dispatch Redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days of receiving the Redemption request.
- 4. The Trustee is bound to make such disclosures to the Unit holders as are essential in order to keep the unitholders informed about any information known to the Trustee which may have a material adverse bearing on their investments.
- 5. The appointment of the AMC for the Mutual Fund can be terminated by majority of the Directors of the Trustee Board or by 75% of the Unit holders of the Scheme.
- 6. 75% of the Unit holders of a Scheme can pass a resolution to wind- up a Scheme.
- 7. The Trustee shall obtain the consent of the Unit holders:
 - whenever required to do so by SEBI, in the interest of the Unit holders.
 - whenever required to do so if a requisition is made by three- fourths of the Unit holders of the Scheme.
 - When the Trustee decides to wind up the Scheme or prematurely redeem the Units.
 - The Trustee shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of any Scheme or the trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and affects the interest of Unit holders, shall be carried out unless:
 - (i) a written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated: and
 - (ii) the Unit holders are given an option to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any Exit Load.
- 8. In specific circumstances, where the approval of unitholders is sought on any matter, the same shall be obtained by way of a postal ballot or such other means as may be approved by SEBI.

Consolidated Account Statement (CAS):

Pursuant to Regulation 36 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and amendments thereto, read with SEBI circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/16/ 2011 dated September 8, 2011, the investor whose transaction** has been accepted by the AMC/ Mutual Fund on or after October 1, 2011 shall receive the following:



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- (i) On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted by way of email and/ or SMS within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of transaction request will be sent to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number.
- (ii) Thereafter, a consolidated account statement (CAS)^ for each calendar month to the Unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction**(s) has/ have taken place during the month on or before 10th of the succeeding month shall be sent by mail/ e-mail.

^Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) shall contain details relating to all the transactions** carried out by the investor across all schemes of all mutual funds during the month and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges (if applicable) paid to the distributor.

**The word 'transaction' shall include Purchase, Redemption, Switch, Dividend Payout, Dividend Reinvestment, Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Withdrawal Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan and Bonus Transactions.

- (iii) For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across mutual funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number (PAN)/KYC.
- (iv) In case of a specific request received from the Unit holders, the AMC/Fund will provide the account statement to the investors within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request.
- (v) In the event the account has more than one registered holder, the first named Unit holder shall receive the CAS/account statement.
- (vi) The CAS shall not be received by the Unit holders for the folio(s) not updated with PAN details. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN. However, such investors shall continue to receive the monthly account statements from the Mutual Fund.

Further, the CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), shall be sent by mail/e-mail on or before 10th day of succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transaction has taken place during that period. The half yearly consolidated account statement will be sent by e-mail to the Unit holders whose e-mail address is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical.

The statement of holding of the beneficiary account holder for units held in demat will be sent by the respective DPs periodically.



IV. INVESTMENT VALUATION NORMS FOR SECURITIES AND OTHER ASSETS

The Fund shall value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in the Eighth Schedule of the Regulations, or such guidelines / recommendations as may be specified by SEBI/AMFI from time to time.

The broad valuation norms are detailed below:

Traded Securities

- When a security (other than Government securities) is not traded on any stock exchange on a
 particular valuation day, the value at which it was traded on NSE or any other stock exchange as the
 case may be, on the earliest previous day may be used provided such a day is not more than 30 days
 prior to the valuation date.
- Traded securities shall be valued at the last quoted price on The National Stock Exchange (NSE). However, if the securities are not listed on NSE, the securities shall be valued at the price quoted at the exchange where they are principally traded.
- When on a particular valuation day, a security has not been traded on NSE but has been traded on another stock exchange, the value at which it is traded on that stock exchange shall be used.

• Thinly Traded Securities / Non-Traded Securities / Unlisted Securities

Thinly Traded Equity / Equity related securities

When trading in an equity / equity related security (such as convertible debentures, equity warrants, etc.) in a month is less than Rs. 5 lakh and the total volume is less than 50,000 shares, it shall be considered as a thinly traded security and valued accordingly.

Where a stock exchange identifies the "thinly traded" securities by applying the above parameters for the preceding calendar month and publishes / provides the required information along with the daily quotations, the same can be used by the Fund.

If the share is not listed on the stock exchanges which provide such information, then it will be obligatory on the part of the Fund to make its own analysis in line with the above criteria to check whether such securities are thinly traded which would then be valued accordingly.

In case trading in an equity security is suspended upto 30 days, then the last traded price would be considered for valuation of that security. If an equity security is suspended for more than 30 days, then the AMC / Trustees will decide the valuation norms to be followed and such norms would be documented and recorded.

• Non-Traded Equity Securities

When a security (other than Government securities) is not traded on any stock exchange for a period of 30 days prior to the Valuation Day, the security is treated as non-traded security.

Valuation of Thinly Traded / Non-Traded Equity Securities

Non-traded / thinly traded equity securities shall be valued "in good faith" by the asset management company on the basis of the valuation principles laid down below:

Based on the latest available Balance Sheet, net worth shall be calculated as follows:





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Net Worth per share = [share capital + reserves (excluding revaluation reserves) - Miscellaneous expenditure and Debit Balance in P&L A/c] Divided by No. of Paid-up Shares.

- Average capitalization rate (P/E ratio) for the industry based upon either BSE or NSE data (which should be followed consistently and changes, if any, noted with proper justification thereof) shall be taken and discounted by 75% i.e. only 25% of the Industry average P/E shall be taken as capitalization rate (P/E ratio). Earnings per share of the latest audited annual accounts will be considered for this purpose.
- The value as per the net worth value per share and the capital earning value calculated as above shall be averaged and further discounted by 10% for illiquidity so as to arrive at the fair value per share.
- In case the EPS is negative, EPS value for that year shall be taken as zero for arriving at capitalized earning.
- In case where the latest balance sheet of the company is not available within nine months from the close of the year, unless the accounting year is changed, the shares of such companies shall be valued at zero
- In case an individual security accounts for more than 5% of the total assets of the scheme, an independent valuer shall be appointed for the valuation of the said security. To determine if a security accounts for more than 5% of the total assets of the scheme, it should be valued by the procedure above and the proportion which it belongs would be compared on the date of valuation.

Debt Securities:

Debt papers valuation is broadly classified under two categories:

- a) More than 91 days to Maturity
- b) Less than or equal to 91 days to Maturity.

Papers covered under category a (>91 days to maturity) are marked to market on daily basis. For the said purpose aggregated Matrix is used. Aggregated Matrix is the average of the matrices of two agencies appointed by AMFI - Crisil and ICRA.

AMC is also require to classify its debt instruments under two categories for the purpose of valuation – Non banking Finance Company, PTCs (Pool), Real estate and Others (i.e. NPR and Others). Crisil and ICRA provide matrices for the above sectors separately. In total Crisil and ICRA provides four set of matrices as below

- i) Non Money Market Other/Traditional Matrix
- ii) Non Money Market NPR Matrix
- iii) Money Market Other/Traditional Matrix
- iv) Money Market NPR Matrix

Papers cover under category b (<= 91 Days to maturity) are valued on amortization basis.

However, as per notification dated 21st February, 2012, the valuation of investments shall be based on the principles of fair valuation i.e. valuation shall be reflective of the realizable value of the securities/assets. The valuation shall be done in good faith and in true and fair manner through appropriate valuation policies and procedures.



1.1 Valuation of Money Market and Debt Securities with Residual Maturity of upto 91 Days (As Per SEBI Circular No SEBI/IMD/CIR No.16/ 193388/2010)

All money market and debt securities, including floating rate securities, with residual maturity of upto 91 days shall be valued at the weighted average price at which they are traded on the particular valuation day. When such securities are not traded on a particular valuation day they shall be valued on amortization basis. It is further clarified that in case of floating rate securities with floor and caps on coupon rate and residual maturity of upto 91 days then those shall be valued on amortization basis taking the coupon rate as floor.

1.2 Valuation of Money Market and Debt Securities with Residual Maturity of Over 91 Days (As Per SEBI Circular No SEBI/IMD/CIR No.16/ 193388/2010)

All money market and debt securities, including floating rate securities, with residual maturity of over 91 days shall be valued at weighted average price at which they are traded on the particular valuation day. When such securities are not traded on a particular valuation day they shall be valued at benchmark yield/matrix of spread over risk free benchmark yield obtained from agency(ies) entrusted for the said purpose by AMFI.

1.3 Valuation of Convertible Debentures

As per Eighth Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations method of valuation of convertible debentures is prescribed.

Non-convertible and convertible components are valued separately.

1.4 Floating rate Securitized Debt (FRN PTCs):

Valuation of such instruments is not covered by Crisil Bond Valuer. Such papers are generally linked to Mibor and have Cap and Floor rates with various compounding options and periodic repayment structure. Generally issuer also gives cash flow attached to the paper at Cap rate. Valuation of such papers shall be done by taking cash flow at cap rate as base and shall be valued liked normal PTC. In case any other type of FRN PTC structure, valuation methodology shall be provided by AMC on case to case basis.

Valuation of securities with Put/Call Options

The option embedded securities would be valued as follows:

Securities with call option

The securities with call option shall be valued at the lower of the value as obtained by valuing the security to final maturity and valuing the security to call option.

In case there are multiple call options, the lowest value obtained by valuing to the various call dates and valuing to the maturity date is to be taken as the value of the instrument.

Securities with Put option

The securities with put option shall be valued at the higher of the value as obtained by valuing the security to final maturity and valuing the security to put option.





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In case there are multiple put options, the highest value obtained by valuing to the various put dates and valuing to the maturity date is to be taken as the value of the instruments.

Securities with both Put and Call option on the same day:

The securities with both Put and Call option on the same day would be deemed to mature on the Put/Call day and would be valued accordingly.

Unlisted Securities

Investments in Unlisted securities shall be valued "in good faith" on the basis of the valuation principles laid down below till such time these are listed on a Stock Exchange:

- Based on the latest available Balance Sheet, net worth shall be calculated as follows:
 - Net Worth per share = [share capital + reserves (excluding revaluation reserves) Miscellaneous expenditure and Debit Balance in P&L A/c] Divided by No. of Paid-up Shares.
- Average capitalization rate (P/E ratio) for the industry based upon either BSE or NSE data (which should be followed consistently and changes, if any, noted with proper justification thereof) shall be taken and discounted by 75% i.e. only 25% of the Industry average P/E shall be taken as capitalization rate (P/E ratio). Earnings per share of the latest audited annual accounts will be considered for this purpose.
- The value as per the net worth value per share and the capital earning value calculated as above shall be averaged and further discounted by 10% for illiquidity so as to arrive at the fair value per share.
- In case the EPS is negative, EPS value for that year shall be taken as zero for arriving at capitalized earning.
- In case where the latest balance sheet of the company is not available within nine months from the close of the year, unless the accounting year is changed, the shares of such companies shall be valued at zero.
- In case an individual security accounts for more than 5% of the total assets of the scheme, an independent valuer shall be appointed for the valuation of the said security. To determine if a security accounts for more than 5% of the total assets of the scheme, it should be valued by the procedure above and the proportion which it belongs would be compared on the date of valuation.

At the discretion of the AMC and with the approval of the trustees, an unlisted equity share may be valued at a price lower than the value derived using the aforesaid methodology.

• Illiquid Securities

 Aggregate value of "illiquid securities" of scheme, which are defines as non-traded, thinly traded and unlisted equity shares, shall not exceed 15% of the total assets of the scheme and any illiquid securities held above 15% of the total assets shall be assigned zero value:

Provide that in case any scheme has illiquid securities in excess of 15% of total assets as on September 30, 2000, then such a scheme shall within a period of two years bring down the ratio of illiquid securities within the prescribed limit of 15% in the following time frame:

• All the illiquid securities above 20% of total assets of the scheme shall be assigned zero value on September 30, 2001.





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- All the illiquid securities above 15% of total assets of the scheme shall be assigned zero value on September 30, 2001.
- All funds shall disclose as on March 31 and September 30 the scheme-wise total illiquid securities in value and percentage of the net assets while making disclosures of half-yearly portfolios to the unitholders. In the list of investments, an asterix mark shall also be given against all such investments which are recognized as illiquid securities.
- Mutual Funds shall not be allowed to transfer illiquid securities among their schemes w.e.f October 1, 2000.

Government Securities

Traded and non- traded Government Securities shall be valued as per the prices for Government Securities released by an agency suggested by AMFI for the sake of uniformity in calculation of NAVs across all mutual funds. Accordingly, traded and non-traded government securities are valued at prices obtained from The Credit Rating Information Services of India Limited or any other agency as suggested by AMFI from time to time.

• Convertible debentures and bonds

In respect of convertible debentures and bonds, the non-convertible and convertible components shall be valued separately. The non-convertible component should be valued on the same basis as would be applicable to a debt instrument. The convertible component shall be valued on the same basis as would be applicable to an equity instrument. If, after conversion, the resultant equity instrument would be traded pari passu with an existing instrument which is traded, the value of the latter instrument can be adopted after an appropriate discount for the non-tradability of the instrument during the period preceding the conversion. While valuing such instruments, the fact as to whether the conversion is optional or not shall also be factored in.

Warrants

In respect of warrants to subscribe attached to instruments, the warrants can be valued at the value of the share which would be obtained on exercise of the warrant as reduced by the amount which would be payable on exercise of the warrant. A discount similar to the discount to be determined in respect of convertible debentures shall be deducted to account for the period, which must elapse before the warrant can be exercised.

Repo transactions

Where instruments have been bought on 'repo' basis, the instrument shall be valued at the resale price after deduction of applicable interest up to the date of resale. Where an instrument has been sold on a 'repo' basis, adjustment shall be made for the difference between the repurchase price (after deduction of applicable interest up to the date of repurchase) and the value of the instrument. If the repurchase price exceeds the value, the depreciation shall be provided for and if the repurchase price is lower than the value, credit shall be taken for the appreciation.

Rights Entitlement / Shares

Until they are traded, the value of "rights" shares shall be calculated as:

 $Vr = n \div m \times (Pex - Pof)$

Where Vr = Value of rights

n = no. of rights offered

m = no. of original shares held





Pex = Ex-rights price

Pof = Rights Offer Price

Where the rights are not treated *pari passu* with the existing shares, suitable adjustments shall be made to the value of the rights. Where it is decided not to subscribe for the rights but to renounce them and renunciations are being traded, the rights can be valued at the renunciation value.

• Foreign Securities

On the Valuation Day, the securities issued outside India and listed on the stock exchanges outside India shall be valued at the closing price on the stock exchange at which it is listed or at the last available traded price. However in case a security is listed on more than one stock exchange, the AMC reserves the right to determine the stock exchange, the price of which would be used for the purpose of valuation of that security.

Further in case of extreme volatility in the international markets, the securities listed in those markets may be valued on a fair value basis. Due to difference in time zones of different markets, in case the closing prices of securities are not available within a given time frame to enable the AMC to upload the NAVs for a Valuation Day, the AMC may use the last available traded price for the purpose of valuation. The use of the closing price / last available traded price for the purpose of valuation will also be based on the practice followed in a particular market. In case any particular security is not traded on the Valuation Day, the same shall be valued on a fair value basis by the Valuation Committee of the AMC.

On the Valuation Day, all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency will be valued in Indian Rupees at the exchange rate available on Bloomberg / Reuters / RBI or any other standard reference rate at the close of banking hours in India. The Trustees reserve the right to change the source for determining the exchange rate. The exchange gain / loss resulting from the aforesaid conversion shall be recognized as unrealized exchange gain / loss in the books of the Scheme on the day of valuation. Further, the exchange gain / loss resulting from the settlement of assets / liabilities denominated in foreign currency shall be recognized as realized exchange gain / loss in the books of the scheme on the settlement of such assets / liabilities.

Identification, Provisioning and Valuation in respect of Non-Performing Assets (NPAs)

An asset shall be classified as "Non-Performing" if the interest and / or principal amount have / has not been received or have / has remained outstanding for three months from the day such income / installment has fallen due.

Valuation in respect of Non Performing Assets (Debt Securities) will be done in accordance with "SEBI guidelines for identification and provisioning for NPAs" issued vide circular dated 18th September, 2000 bearing reference no. MFD/CIR/8/92/2000 as modified by SEBI circulars both dated 28th March, 2001 bearing reference no. MFD/CIR/13/087/2001 as well as MFD/CIR/14/088/2001 and will form a part of this valuation policy.

The Fund shall make scrip wise disclosures of NPAs on a half yearly basis along with the half yearly portfolio disclosure.

The total amount of provisions made against the NPAs shall be disclosed in addition to the total quantum of NPAs and their proportion of the assets of the Scheme. In the list of investments, an asterisk mark shall be given against such investments which are recognized as NPAs. Where the date of redemption of an investment has lapsed, the amount not redeemed shall be shown as 'Sundry Debtors' and not as investment, provided that where an investment is redeemable by installments that will be shown as an investment until all installments have become overdue.





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The valuation guidelines as outlined above are as per the Regulations prevailing at present and are subject to change from time to time, in conformity with changes made by SEBI.

All other guidelines not covered above and as specified in the Mutual Fund Regulations, as well as any additions/modifications thereto as may be specified by SEBI from time to time, shall be adhered to for the purpose of valuation.

Accrual of expenses and incomes

All expenses and incomes accrued up to the valuation date shall be considered for the computation of net asset value. For this purpose, while major expenses like management fees and other periodic expenses shall be accrued on a day to day basis, other minor expenses and income may not be so accrued, provided the non-accrual does not affect the NAV calculations by more than 1%.

Recording of Securities and Units in the books

Any change in the portfolio of securities and in the number of Units held shall be recorded in the books not later than the first valuation date following the date of transaction. If this is not possible given the frequency of the Net Asset Value disclosure, the recording may be delayed up to a period of seven days following the date of the transaction, provided that as a result of the non-recording, the Net Asset Value calculations shall not be affected by more than 1%. In case the Net Asset Value is affected by more than 1% due to such non-recording of transactions, the investors of the Scheme, as the case may be shall be paid the difference in the amount as follows:

- If the investors are allotted units at a price higher than Net Asset Value or are given a price lower than Net Asset Value at the time of sale of their units, they shall be paid the difference in amount by the Scheme.
- If the investors are charged lower Net Asset Value at the time of purchase of their units or are given higher Net Asset Value at the time of sale of their units, asset management company shall pay the difference in amount to the Scheme. The asset management company may recover the difference from the investors.

The valuation guidelines outlined above are within the parameters of the Regulations and are subject to changes from time to time by the AMC and / or the Trustee. However, such changes must be in conformity with the Regulations.

Investment Decision:

The investment objective of the various schemes of Mirae Asset Mutual Fund is to provide investors with opportunities for capital appreciation through an actively managed portfolio of investments in accordance with the respective offer documents/ Scheme Information Memorandum.

The Investment Policy approved by the Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustees provides the mechanism for approval of Investment decisions by Equity team and Fixed Income teams.

The process for the Investment transactions under the Front Office System is as follows:

Investment proposed by respective fund managers are approved by the Head of Equity/ Head of Fixed Income in the Front Office System.

Daily meetings of the Investment team are conducted by the investment department. The dealer purchases/ sells after confirming compliances with internal and external limits along with investment reasons which are checked with the Fund Managers and Head of Fixed Income/ Head of Equity.

The Investment committee at meetings, held on a periodic basis, evaluates and monitors the performances of the Schemes. The Investment Committee is headed by the Director and Chief Executive Officer of the AMC. The Investment Committee has a broad supervisory role in respect of all investment activity undertaken. The role of the Committee includes inter-alia:





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- Monitor and supervise the investment decisions made by the Investment Team.
- Monitoring the risk parameters in each scheme and ensure that the investment limits are properly observed.
- Monitoring of all derivative transactions.
- Monitoring scheme performances.
- Discussion on new stocks that may be added in our scheme portfolio.
- The Investment Committee, on an ongoing basis discusses specific issues such as the state of the markets in order to evolve suitable investment strategies.

In addition to the aforesaid, the Director & Chief Executive officer is required to ensure that:

- The fund complies with all the provisions of SEBI regulations and the guidelines or circulars issued in relation thereto from time to time.
- The investments made by the fund managers are in the interest of the unit holders.
- Asset allocation and investment strategy.
- Sector allocation strategy.
- Review of individual stocks in the scheme portfolio.
- Portfolio construction and rebalancing, if any.

The Minutes of the Investment Committee meetings along with the Scheme performance reports are placed for the review and guidance of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustees at their respective meetings.



V. TAX & LEGAL & GENERAL INFORMATION

A. TAX TREATMENT OF INVESTMENTS IN MUTUAL FUND

The following information is provided only for general information purpose. In view of the individual nature of tax benefits each investor is advised to consult with his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the scheme.

Based on the law in force and after considering the amendments made in the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("the Act") by the Finance Act, 2007, we give hereunder our opinion on tax benefits/implications that may accrue to a Fund and to different categories of unit holders in respect of their investments in a Fund.

A.1 TAX TREATMENT FOR EQUITY ORIENTED FUNDS

As per the current tax rules, the applicable tax treatment of equity oriented fund is as mentioned below:

11.1 To The Fund

Income of the Fund registered under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992) or regulations made there under will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act. The income received by the Fund is not liable for deduction of tax at source under section 196(iv).

As per Proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 115R, no dividend distribution tax shall be deducted in respect of any income distributed to a unit holder of equity oriented funds in respect of any distribution made from such funds

11.2 Securities Transaction Tax

Securities Transaction Tax ("STT") is applicable on transactions of purchase or sale of units of Equity and Equity related securities entered into on a recognized stock exchange or by the Mutual Fund.

The Mutual Fund is liable to pay a securities transaction tax as follows:

Taxable securities transaction Rate (%)

Particulars	Rate	Payable By
Purchase of an equity share in a company or a unit of an equity oriented fund, where-	0.125%	Purchaser
(a) the transaction of such purchase is entered into in a recognized stock exchange; and		
(b) the contract for the purchase of such share or unit is settled by the actual delivery or transfer of such share or unit.		
Sale of an equity share in a company or a unit of an equity oriented fund, where –	0.125%	Seller
(a) the transaction of such sale is entered into in a recognized stock exchange; and		



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(b) the contract for the sale of such share or unit is settled by the actual delivery or transfer of such share or unit		
Sale of an equity share in a company or a unit of an equity oriented fund (nondelivery based)	0.025%	Seller
Sale of an option in securities	0.017%	Seller
Sale of an option in securities, where option is exercised	0.125%	Purchaser
Sale of a futures in securities	0.017%	Seller
Sale of unit of an equity oriented fund to the Mutual Fund	0.25%	Seller

11.3 To The Unitholders

11.3.1 Income Received from Mutual Fund

According to section 10(35) of the Act, any income received in respect of units of Mutual Fund specified under section 10(23D) is exempt from income tax in the hands of the unit holders. It has, however, been clarified that income arising from transfer of units of Mutual Fund shall not be exempt.

11.3.2 Long Term Capital Gains on Transfer of Units

Under Section 10(38), Long Term Capital Gain on sale of units of Equity Oriented Funds are exempt from Income Tax in the hands of unit holders, provided such transactions are entered into a recognized stock exchange or such units are sold to the Mutual Fund and are chargeable to STT.

11.3.3 Short Term Capital Gains on Transfer of Units

Section 111A provides that short-term capital gains arising on sale of units of Equity Oriented Funds are chargeable to income tax at a concessional rate of 15% plus applicable education cess, provided such transactions are entered into on a recognized stock exchange or such units are sold to the Mutual Funds and are chargeable to STT.

Further, Section 48 provides that no deduction shall be allowed in respect of STT paid for the purpose of computing Capital Gains.

11.3.4 Capital Losses

Losses under the head "Capital Gains" cannot be set off against income under any other head. Further within the head "Capital Gains", losses arising from the transfer of long-term capital assets cannot be adjusted against gains arising from the transfer of a short-term capital asset. However, losses arising from the transfer of short-term capital assets can be adjusted against gains arising from the transfer of either a long-term or a short-term capital asset.

Under Section 10(38), Long Term Capital Gains on sale of units of Equity Oriented Fund are exempt from Income Tax provided certain conditions are fulfilled. Hence, losses arising from such type of transaction of sale of units of Equity Oriented Fund would not be eligible for set-off against taxable capital gains.

Unabsorbed short-term capital loss can be carried forward and set off against the income under the head Capital Gains in any of the subsequent eight assessment years.

According to section 94(7) of the Act, if any person buys or acquires units within a period of three months prior to the record date fixed for declaration of dividend or distribution of income and sells or



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transfers the same within a period of nine months from such record date, then losses arising from such sale to the extent of income received or receivable on such units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing income chargeable to tax.

Further, Sub-section (8) of Section 94 provides that, where additional units have been issued to any person without any payment, on the basis of existing units held by such person then the loss on sale of original units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing income chargeable to tax, if the original units were acquired within three months prior to the record date fixed for receipt of additional units and sold within nine months from such record date. However, the loss so ignored shall be considered as cost of acquisition of such additional units held on the date of sale by such person.

11.4 Tax Deduction at Source

11.4.1 For Income in respect of Units

No tax shall be deducted at source in respect of any income credited or paid in respect of units of the Fund as per the provisions of section 194K and section 196A.

11.4.2 For Capital Gains

11.4.2.1In respect of Resident Unit holders:

No tax is required to be deducted at source on capital gains arising to any resident unit holder (under section 194K) vide circular no. 715 dated August 8, 1995 issued by the Central Board for Direct Taxes (CBDT).

11.4.2.2 In respect of Non-Resident Unit holders:

Under section 195 of the Act, tax shall be deducted at source in respect of capital gains as under:

a. In case of non-resident other than a company:

- Long term capital gains - Equity scheme NIL

- Short term capital gains – Equity scheme 15% plus education cess

b. In case of foreign company:

- Long term capital gains - Equity scheme NIL

- Short term capital gains – Equity scheme 15% plus surcharge and cess

c. In case of Foreign Institutional Investor:

- Long Term Capital Gain – Equity Scheme NIL

- Short term capital gains – Equity scheme 15% plus surcharge and cess

However, to be entitled to a beneficial rate under the DTAA, the non-resident Unitholder will be required to provide appropriate documents to the Mutual Fund.

As per circular no. 728 dated October 1995 by CBDT, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in DTAA whichever is more beneficial to the assessee.

11.4.3 Exemption from Tax on Capital Gains arising on Transfer of Units Held for more than 12 months





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11.4.3.1 Under section 54EC of the Act

As provided under section 54EC, and subject to the conditions specified therein, where an assessee has made capital gains from the transfer of units held in Mutual Fund Scheme for a period exceeding 12 months and the assessee has any time within a period of 6 months after the date of such transfer, invested the whole of the capital gains in the long term specified assets i.e., in bonds redeemable after 3 years issued by the National Highways Authority of India or by the Rural Electrification Corporation Limited, such capital gains shall be exempted from tax on capital gains under section 54EC of the Income Tax Act, 1961. However, if the assessee has invested only a part of the capital gains, he will be eligible for the proportionate exemption. The Section also provides that investment in long term specified asset made after 01.04.2007 shall not exceed Rs.50 lacs. Further, if the long term specified asset is transferred / converted into money before 3 years, the capital gains which were previously exempt shall be deemed to be income in the previous year of transfer.

Section 54EC provides that where any investment has been allowed as a deduction under this section the same shall not be allowed as deduction in Section 80C.

11.4.3.2 Under Section 54ED of the Act

Under Section 54ED and subject to the conditions specified therein, capital gains arising from the transfer of units held in the Mutual Fund Scheme for a period exceeding 12 months will be exempt, if the assessee has, any time within a period of 6 months after the date of such transfer, invested the whole of the capital gains in acquiring equity shares forming part of an eligible issue of capital. However, if the assessee has invested only a part of the capital gains, he will be eligible for the proportionate exemption. An eligible issue of capital means an issue of equity shares offered for subscription to the public by a public company formed and registered in India. The Section also provides that if the long term specified asset is sold / transferred into money before 1 year, the capital gains which were previously exempt shall be deemed to be income in the previous year of transfer.

Section 54ED provides that where any investment has been allowed as a deduction under this section the same shall not be allowed as deduction in Section 80C.

11.4.4 Rebate Under Section 88E

Section 88E provides that where the total income of a person includes income chargeable under the head 'Profits and Gains of business or profession' arising from sale of units of equity oriented funds, the person shall get rebate equal to the STT paid by him in the course of his business. Such rebate is to be allowed from the amount of income tax in respect of transactions calculated by applying average rate of income tax.

11.4.5 Investment by Charitable and Religious Trusts

Units of a Mutual fund Scheme referred to in clause 23D of section 10 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, constitute an eligible avenue for investment by charitable or religious trusts per rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962, read with clause (xii) of sub-section (5) of section 11 of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

11.4.6 Wealth Tax

Units held under the Mutual Fund Scheme are not treated as assets within the meaning of section 2(ea) of the Wealth Tax Act, 1957 and are, therefore, not liable to Wealth-Tax.

A.2 TAX TREATMENT FOR DEBT FUNDS

As per the current tax rules, the applicable tax treatment of debt fund is as mentioned below:

11.1 To The Fund





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Income of the Fund registered under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992) or regulations made there under will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act. The income received by the Fund is not liable for deduction of tax at source under section 196(iv).

As per section 115R, Mutual Funds are liable to pay additional income tax on the income distributed by them.

Under the provisions of section 115R of the Act, additional income tax is payable at different rates on income distributed to different class of unit holders. Mutual Funds are liable to pay additional income tax at the rate of

- i) 12.50% on the income distributed to Individuals and HUFs: and
- ii) 30% on the income distributed to any other person.

Surcharge @ 5% on income tax and Education Cess at the rate of 3% on total tax is also applicable.

11.2 Securities Transaction Tax

As the scheme is not an equity mutual fund as per the current tax laws, Securities Transaction Tax ("STT") is not applicable.

Rebate Under Section 88E

Section 88E provides that where the total income of a person includes income chargeable under the head 'Profits and Gains of business or profession' arising from sale of units of equity oriented funds, the person shall get rebate equal to the STT paid by him in the course of his business. Such rebate is to be allowed from the amount of income tax in respect of transactions calculated by applying average rate of income tax.

11.3 To The Unitholders

11.3.1 Income Received from Mutual Fund

According to section 10(35) of the Act, any income received in respect of units of Mutual Fund specified under section 10(23D) is exempt from income tax in the hands of the unit holders. It has, however, been clarified that income arising from transfer of units of Mutual Fund shall not be exempt.

11.3.2 Long Term Capital Gains on Transfer of Units

The provisions for taxation of long-term capital gains for different categories of assessees are explained hereunder:

11.3.2.1 For Individuals and HUFs

Long-term Capital Gains in respect of Units of Mutual Fund held for a period of more than 12 months will be chargeable under section 112 of the Act, at a rate of 20% plus education cess. Capital Gains would be computed after taking into account cost of acquisition as adjusted by Cost Inflation Index notified by the Central Government and expenditure incurred wholly and exclusively in connection with such transfer. In the case where taxable income as reduced by long term capital gains is below the exemption limit, the long term capital gains will be reduced to the extent of the shortfall and only the balance long term capital gains will be charged at the flat rate of 20% plus surcharge, as may be applicable and cess.

It is further provided that an assessee will have an option to apply concessional rate of 10% plus applicable education cess, provided the long term capital gains are computed without substituting indexed cost in place of cost of acquisition.

11.3.2.2 For Partnership Firms, Non-Residents, Indian Companies/Foreign Companies

Long-term Capital Gains in respect of Units held for a period of more than 12 months will be chargeable under section 112 of the Act at a rate of 20% plus surcharge, as may be applicable and



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cess. Capital gains would be computed after taking into account cost of acquisition as adjusted by Cost Inflation Index notified by the Central Government and expenditure incurred wholly and exclusively in connection with such transfer.

It is further provided that an assessee will have an option to apply concessional rate of 10% plus applicable surcharge and cess, provided the long term capital gains are computed without substituting indexed cost in place of cost of acquisition.

11.3.2.3 For Non-resident Indians

Under section 115E of the Act for non-resident Indians, income by way of long-term capital gains in respect of Units is chargeable at the rate of 10% plus applicable cess. Such long-term capital gains would be calculated without indexation of cost of acquisition.

Non-resident Indians may opt for computation of long term capital gains as per section 112, which seems to be more beneficial.

11.3.2.4 For Overseas Financial Organizations, including Overseas Corporate Bodies and Foreign Institutional Investors fulfilling conditions laid down under section 115AB (Offshore Fund)

Under section 115AB of the Act, income by way of long-term capital gains in respect of units purchased in foreign currency held for a period of more than 12 months will be chargeable to tax at the rate of 10%, plus applicable surcharge and cess. Such gains would be calculated without indexation of cost of acquisition.

11.3.3 Short Term Capital Gains on Transfer of Units

The provisions for taxation of short-term capital gains for different categories of assessees is explained hereunder:

Short term Capital Gains in respect of Units held for a period of not more than 12 months is added to the total income. Total income including short-term capital gains is chargeable to tax as per the relevant slab rates.

Income Tax Rates

The maximum income tax rates for various categories of assessees for AY 2012-13 are as under:

Resident individuals and HUF 30% plus education cess

Partnership Firms 30% plus education cess

Indian companies 30% plus surcharge and cess

Non Resident Indians 30% plus education cess

Foreign Companies 40% plus surcharge and cess

Surcharge @ 5 % where the total income exceeds INR 10,000,000 for domestic companies. For a foreign company (including a corporate FII), surcharge @ 2% where the total income exceeds INR 10,000,000 Further, education cess at the rate of 3% on the income tax (including applicable surcharge) would be applicable for all categories of assessees.

11.3.4 Capital Losses

Losses under the head "Capital Gains" cannot be set off against income under any other head. Further within the head "Capital Gains", losses arising from the transfer of long-term capital assets cannot be adjusted against gains arising from the transfer of a short-term capital asset. However,





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losses arising from the transfer of short-term capital assets can be adjusted against gains arising from the transfer of either a long-term or a short-term capital asset.

Unabsorbed long-term capital loss can be carried forward and set off against the long-term capital gains arising in any of the subsequent eight assessment years.

Unabsorbed short-term capital loss can be carried forward and set off against the income under the head Capital Gains in any of the subsequent eight assessment years.

According to section 94(7) of the Act, if any person buys or acquires units within a period of three months prior to the record date fixed for declaration of dividend or distribution of income and sells or transfers the same within a period of nine months from such record date, then losses arising from such sale to the extent of income received or receivable on such units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing income chargeable to tax.

Further, Sub-section (8) of Section 94 provides that, where additional units have been issued to any person without any payment, on the basis of existing units held by such person then the loss on sale of original units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing income chargeable to tax, if the original units were acquired within three months prior to the record date fixed for receipt of additional units and sold within nine months from such record date. However, the loss so ignored shall be considered as cost of acquisition of such additional units held on the date of sale by such person.

11.4 Tax Deduction at Source

11.4.1 For Income in respect of Units

No tax shall be deducted at source in respect of any income credited or paid in respect of units of the Fund as per the provisions, section 194K and section 196A.

11.4.2 For Capital Gains

11.4.2.1 In respect of Resident Unit holders:

No tax is required to be deducted at source on capital gains arising to any resident unit holder (under section 194K) vide circular no. 715 dated August 8, 1995 issued by the Central Board for Direct Taxes (CBDT).

11.4.2.2 In respect of Non-Resident Unit holders:

Under section 195 of the Act, tax shall be deducted at source in respect of capital gains as under:

a. In case of non-resident other than a company:

- Long term capital gain – other than equity scheme 20% plus education cess

- Short term capital gain – other than equity scheme 30% plus education cess

b. In case of foreign company:

- Long term capital gain – Other than equity scheme 10% plus surcharge and cess

- Short term capital gain – other than equity scheme 40% plus surcharge and cess

c. In case of Offshore Fund as defined in 115AB -

-Long term capital gains 10% plus surcharge and cess

As per circular no. 728 dated October 1995 by CBDT, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the





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rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in DTAA whichever is more beneficial to the assessee. <u>However, to be entitled to a beneficial rate under the DTAA, the non-resident Unitholder will be required to provide appropriate documents to the Mutual Fund.</u>

11.4.3 Exemption from Tax on Capital Gains arising on Transfer of Units Held for more than 12 months

11.4.3.1 Under section 54EC of the Act

As provided under section 54EC, and subject to the conditions specified therein, where an assessee has made capital gains from the transfer of units held in Mutual Fund Scheme for a period exceeding 12 months and the assessee has any time within a period of 6 months after the date of such transfer, invested the whole of the capital gains in the long term specified assets i.e., in bonds redeemable after 3 years issued by the National Highways Authority of India or by the Rural Electrification Corporation Limited, such capital gains shall be exempted from tax on capital gains under section 54EC of the Income Tax Act, 1961. However, if the assessee has invested only a part of the capital gains, he will be eligible for the proportionate exemption. The Section also provides that investment in long term specified asset made after 01.04.2007 shall not exceed Rs.50 lacs. Further, if the long term specified asset is transferred / converted into money before 3 years, the capital gains which were previously exempt shall be deemed to be income in the previous year of transfer

Section 54EC provides that where any investment has been allowed as a deduction under this section the same shall not be allowed as deduction in Section 80C.

11.4.3.2 Under Section 54ED of the Act

Under Section 54ED and subject to the conditions specified therein, capital gains arising from the transfer of units held in the Mutual Fund Scheme for a period exceeding 12 months will be exempt, if the assessee has, any time within a period of 6 months after the date of such transfer, invested the whole of the capital gains in acquiring equity shares forming part of an eligible issue of capital. However, if the assessee has invested only a part of the capital gains, he will be eligible for the proportionate exemption. An eligible issue of capital means an issue of equity shares offered for subscription to the public by a public company formed and registered in India. The Section also provides that investment in long term specified asset made after 01.04.2007 shall not exceed Rs.50 lacs. Further, if the long term specified asset is transferred / converted into money before 3 years, the capital gains which were previously exempt shall be deemed to be income in the previous year of transfer

Section 54ED provides that where any investment has been allowed as a deduction under this section the same shall not be allowed as deduction in Section 80C.

11.4.5 Investment by Charitable and Religious Trusts

Units of a Mutual fund Scheme referred to in clause 23D of section 10 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, constitute an eligible avenue for investment by charitable or religious trusts per rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962, read with clause (xii) of sub-section (5) of section 11 of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

11.4.6 Wealth Tax

Units held under the Mutual Fund Scheme are not treated as assets within the meaning of section 2(ea) of the Wealth Tax Act, 1957 and are, therefore, not liable to Wealth-Tax.

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A.3 TAX TREATMENT FOR LIQUID/MONEY MARKET FUNDS

As per the current tax rules, the applicable tax treatment of liquid fund is as mentioned below:

11.1 To The Fund

Income of the Fund registered under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992) or regulations made there under will be exempt from income tax in accordance with the provisions of section 10(23D) of the Act. The income received by the Fund is not liable for deduction of tax at source under section 196(iv).

As per section 115R, Mutual Funds are liable to pay additional income tax on the income distributed by them.

Under the provisions of section 115R of the Act, additional income tax is payable at different rates on income distributed to different class of unit holders. Mutual Funds are liable to pay additional income tax at the rate of

- i) 25% on the income distributed to Individuals and HUFs; and
- ii) 30% on the income distributed to any other person.

Surcharge @ 5% on income tax and Education Cess at the rate of 3% on total tax is also applicable.

11.2 Securities Transaction Tax

As the Schemes are predominantly made up of debt/ money market instruments, no STT would be payable by it in respect of purchase and sale of such underlying assets by the Schemes.

11.3 To The Unitholders

11.3.1 Income Received from Mutual Fund

According to section 10(35) of the Act, any income received in respect of units of Mutual Fund specified under section 10(23D) is exempt from income tax in the hands of the unit holders. It has, however, been clarified that income arising from transfer of units of Mutual Fund shall not be exempt.

11.3.2 Long Term Capital Gains on Transfer of Units

The provisions for taxation of long-term capital gains for different categories of assessees are explained hereunder:

11.3.2.1 For Individuals and HUFs

Long-term Capital Gains in respect of Units of Mutual Fund held for a period of more than 12 months will be chargeable under section 112 of the Act, at a rate of 20% plus education cess. Capital Gains would be computed after taking into account cost of acquisition as adjusted by Cost Inflation Index notified by the Central Government and expenditure incurred wholly and exclusively in connection with such transfer. In the case where taxable income as reduced by long term capital gains is below the exemption limit, the long term capital gains will be reduced to the extent of the shortfall and only the balance long term capital gains will be charged at the flat rate of 20% plus applicable and cess.

It is further provided that an assessee will have an option to apply concessional rate of 10% plus education cess, provided the long term capital gains are computed without substituting indexed cost in place of cost of acquisition.

11.3.2.2 For Partnership Firms, Non-Residents, Indian Companies/Foreign Companies

Long-term Capital Gains in respect of Units held for a period of more than 12 months will be chargeable under section 112 of the Act at a rate of 20% plus applicable surcharge and cess. Capital gains would be computed after taking into account cost of acquisition as adjusted by Cost Inflation



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Index notified by the Central Government and expenditure incurred wholly and exclusively in connection with such transfer.

It is further provided that an assessee will have an option to apply concessional rate of 10% plus applicable surcharge and cess, provided the long term capital gains are computed without substituting indexed cost in place of cost of acquisition.

11.3.2.3 For Non-resident Indians

Under section 115E of the Act for non-resident Indians, income by way of long-term capital gains in respect of Units is chargeable at the rate of 10% plus education cess. Such long-term capital gains would be calculated without indexation of cost of acquisition.

Non-resident Indians may opt for computation of long term capital gains as per section 112, which seems to be more beneficial.

11.3.2.4 For Overseas Financial Organizations, including Overseas Corporate Bodies and Foreign Institutional Investors fulfilling conditions laid down under section 115AB (Offshore Fund)

Under section 115AB of the Act, income by way of long-term capital gains in respect of units purchased in foreign currency held for a period of more than 12 months will be chargeable to tax at the rate of 10%, plus applicable surcharge and cess. Such gains would be calculated without indexation of cost of acquisition.

11.3.3 Short Term Capital Gains on Transfer of Units

The provisions for taxation of short-term capital gains for different categories of assessees is explained hereunder:

Short term Capital Gains in respect of Units held for a period of not more than 12 months is added to the total income. Total income including short-term capital gains is chargeable to tax as per the relevant slab rates.

Income Tax Rates

The maximum income tax rates for various categories of assessees for AY 2012-13 are as under:

Resident individuals and HUF 30% plus education cess

Partnership Firms 30% plus education cess

Indian companies 30% plus surcharge and cess

Non Resident Indians 30% plus education cess

Foreign Companies 40% plus surcharge and cess

Surcharge @ 5 % where the total income exceeds INR 10,000,000 for domestic companies. For a foreign company (including a corporate FII), surcharge @2% where the total income exceeds INR 10,000,000 Further, education cess at the rate of 3% on the income tax (including applicable surcharge) would be applicable for all categories of assessees.

11.3.4 Capital Losses

Losses under the head "Capital Gains" cannot be set off against income under any other head. Further within the head "Capital Gains", losses arising from the transfer of long-term capital assets cannot be adjusted against gains arising from the transfer of a short-term capital asset. However,



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losses arising from the transfer of short-term capital assets can be adjusted against gains arising from the transfer of either a long-term or a short-term capital asset.

Unabsorbed long-term capital loss (other than that relating to sale of equity shares and units of Equity Oriented Fund) can be carried forward and set off against the long-term capital gains arising in any of the subsequent eight assessment years.

Unabsorbed short-term capital loss can be carried forward and set off against the income under the head Capital Gains in any of the subsequent eight assessment years.

According to section 94(7) of the Act, if any person buys or acquires units within a period of three months prior to the record date fixed for declaration of dividend or distribution of income and sells or transfers the same within a period of nine months from such record date, then losses arising from such sale to the extent of income received or receivable on such units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing income chargeable to tax.

Further, Sub-section (8) of Section 94 provides that, where additional units have been issued to any person without any payment, on the basis of existing units held by such person then the loss on sale of original units shall be ignored for the purpose of computing income chargeable to tax, if the original units were acquired within three months prior to the record date fixed for receipt of additional units and sold within nine months from such record date. However, the loss so ignored shall be considered as cost of acquisition of such additional units held on the date of sale by such person.

11.4 Tax Deduction at Source

11.4.1 For Income in respect of Units

No tax shall be deducted at source in respect of any income credited or paid in respect of units of the Fund as per the provisions of section 194K and section 196A.

11.4.2 For Capital Gains

11.4.2.1 In respect of Resident Unit holders:

No tax is required to be deducted at source on capital gains arising to any resident unit holder (under section 194K) vide circular no. 715 dated August 8, 1995 issued by the Central Board for Direct Taxes (CBDT).

11.4.2.2 In respect of Non-Resident Unit holders:

Under section 195 of the Act, tax shall be deducted at source in respect of capital gains as under:

a. In case of non-resident other than a company:

Long term capital gains
 20% plus education cess

- Short term capital gains 30% plus education cess

b. In case of foreign company:

- Long term capital gains 10% plus surcharge and cess

- Short term capital gains 40% plus surcharge and cess

c. In case of Offshore Fund as defined in 115AB -

-Long term capital gains 10% plus surcharge and cess





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As per circular no. 728 dated October 1995 by CBDT, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in DTAA whichever is more beneficial to the assessee. However, to be entitled to a beneficial rate under the DTAA, the non-resident Unitholder will be required to provide appropriate documents to the Mutual Fund.

11.4.3 Exemption from Tax on Capital Gains arising on Transfer of Units Held for more than 12 months

11.4.3.1 Under section 54EC of the Act

As provided under section 54EC, and subject to the conditions specified therein, where an assessee has made capital gains from the transfer of units held in Mutual Fund Scheme for a period exceeding 12 months and the assessee has any time within a period of 6 months after the date of such transfer, invested the whole of the capital gains in the long term specified assets i.e., in bonds redeemable after 3 years issued by the National Highways Authority of India or by the Rural Electrification Corporation Limited, such capital gains shall be exempted from tax on capital gains under section 54EC of the Income Tax Act, 1961. However, if the assessee has invested only a part of the capital gains, he will be eligible for the proportionate exemption. The Section also provides that investment in long term specified asset made after 01.04.2007 shall not exceed Rs.50 lacs. Further, if the long term specified asset is transferred / converted into money before 3 years, the capital gains which were previously exempt shall be deemed to be income in the previous year of transfer

Section 54EC provides that where any investment has been allowed as a deduction under this section the same shall not be allowed as deduction in Section 80C.

11.4.3.2 Under Section 54ED of the Act

Under Section 54ED and subject to the conditions specified therein, capital gains arising from the transfer of units held in the Mutual Fund Scheme for a period exceeding 12 months will be exempt, if the assessee has, any time within a period of 6 months after the date of such transfer, invested the whole of the capital gains in acquiring equity shares forming part of an eligible issue of capital. However, if the assessee has invested only a part of the capital gains, he will be eligible for the proportionate exemption. An eligible issue of capital means an issue of equity shares offered for subscription to the public by a public company formed and registered in India. The Section also provides that investment in long term specified asset made after 01.04.2007 shall not exceed Rs.50 lacs. Further, if the long term specified asset is transferred / converted into money before 3 years, the capital gains which were previously exempt shall be deemed to be income in the previous year of transfer

Section 54ED provides that where any investment has been allowed as a deduction under this section the same shall not be allowed as deduction in Section 80C.

11.4.4 Investment by Charitable and Religious Trusts

Units of a Mutual fund Scheme referred to in clause 23D of section 10 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, constitute an eligible avenue for investment by charitable or religious trusts per rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962, read with clause (xii) of sub-section (5) of section 11 of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

11.4.5 Wealth Tax

Units held under the Mutual Fund Scheme are not treated as assets within the meaning of section 2(ea) of the Wealth Tax Act, 1957 and are, therefore, not liable to Wealth-Tax.

EACH INVESTOR IS ADVISED TO CONSULT HIS OR HER OWN TAX CONSULTANT WITH RESPECT TO THE SPECIFIC TAX IMPLICATIONS ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER PARTICIPATION IN THE SCHEME.





B. LEGAL INFORMATION

(1) NOMINATION FACILITY

As per the recent AMFI Circulars, a Unit Holder in the scheme may be allowed to nominate upto a maximum of three nominees. The nomination will be on a proportationate basis and investor may specify the percentage for each nominee in the event of his / her demise. If the percentage is not specified, it will be equal percentage for the nominees by default. Provision for mentioning the details of the nominees are made in the KIM/ application form and or separate nomination request forms is made available to the investors. The details of the nominee(s) will be captured by the Registrar and will be available in the data base maintained. Upon receipt of intimation from the nominee(s) regarding demise of the investor duly accompanied with necessary documents e.g. providing proof of the death of the Unit Holder, signature of the nominee, furnishing proof of guardianship if the nominee is a minor, and the execution of an indemnity bond or such other documents as may be required from the nominee in favor of and to the satisfaction of the AMC / Registrar, the units will be transmitted to the nominee(s) as per the percentage advised by the investor and a confirmation/fresh Statement of account will be sent to the new holder(s).

Only the following categories of Indian residents can be nominated: (a) individuals; (b) minors through parent / legal guardian (whose name and address must be provided); (c) religious or charitable trusts; and (d) Central Government, State Government, a local authority or any person designated by virtue of his office.

A nomination in respect of Units will be treated as rescinded upon the Redemption of all Units. Cancellation of a nomination can be made only by the Unit Holders who made the original nomination and must be notified in writing. On receipt of a valid cancellation, the nomination shall be treated as rescinded and the AMC / Fund shall not be under any obligation to transfer the Units in favor of the nominee.

The transfer of Units / payment to the nominee of the Redemption proceeds shall be valid and effectual against any demand made upon the Fund / AMC / Trustee and shall discharge the Fund /AMC / Trustee of all liability towards the estate of the deceased Unit Holder and his / her legal personal representative or other successors.

The Fund, the AMC and the Trustee are entitled to be indemnified from the deceased Unit Holder's estate against any liabilities whatsoever that any of them may suffer or incur in connection with a nomination.

AMFI had wide its best practice Circular dated January 28, 2011 recommended Mutual Funds to implement certain standarised procedures with regard to Nomination facility as follows:-

- Nomination shall be mandatory for new folios/ accounts opened with sole/ single holding. Investors who do not wish to nominate must sign separately/indicate on the Application Form confirming their non-intention to nominate.
- Nomination shall be applicable for investments in all the Schemes in the folio or account.
- Nomination should be maintained at the folio or account level and should be applicable for investments in all schemes in the folio or account.
- All joint holders shall sign nomination/ cancellation of nomination form, irrespective of the mode of holding.
- Nomination form cannot be signed by Power of attorney (POA) holders and every new nomination shall overwrite the existing nomination in the folio/ account.
- Nomination shall not be allowed in a folio/ account held on behalf of a minor.



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- Nomination will be mandatory for folios opened with sole/ single holding.
- All joint holders in the folio will be required to sign the nomination request/ cancellation of nomination request, irrespective of the mode of holding. The new nomination will supersede the existing nomination.
- The facility to nominate will not be available in a folio held on behalf of a minor.
- Investors who do not wish to nominate any person as a nominee in their folio, must separately on the application form confirming their non-intention to nominate.

Investments made on behalf of Minors:

1. "On behalf of Minor" Accounts:

The Asset Management Company (AMC)/ Registrar and Transfer Agent (RTA) shall follow the below mentioned guidelines in respect of the same:

- a. The minor shall be the first and the **sole** holder in the folio. No joint holder will be allowed in a folio where the minor is the first or sole holder.
- b. Guardian in the folio on behalf of the minor should either be a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian.
- c. The AMC/ RTA shall obtain photo copy of Birth Certificate or School Leaving Certificate or Higher Secondary Board marksheet or Passport or any other suitable proof of the date of birth of the minor, in case of natural guardian and supporting documentary evidence in case of court appointed legal guardian.

2. Minor Attaining Majority - Status Change:

The AMC/ RTA shall follow the below mentioned guidelines in respect of the same:

- a. Prior to minor attaining majority, AMC/RTA shall send an advance notice to the registered correspondence address advising the guardian and the minor to submit an application form along with prescribed documents to change the status to "Major".
- b. Till such time the said application form along with the requisite documents from the 'Major' are received by the AMC/RTA, the guardian will not be able to undertake any financial and non-financial transactions including fresh registration of SIP/ STP/ SWP after the date of the minor attaining majority. However, the AMC/ RTA shall continue to process the existing standing instructions like SIP/ STP/ SWP registered prior to the minor attaining majority till the time an instruction from the 'Major' to terminate the existing standing instruction is received by the mutual fund.
- c. The AMC would send communication through email and mobile alerts if email ids and mobile numbers are available to the investor for intimating the processes as laid out in point (a) & (b) above.
- d. In case the documents pertaining to change in status are not received by the date when the minor attains majority, the account shall be frozen (i.e. for redemptions & switch-outs, etc) for operation by the guardian.

3. Change in Guardian:

The AMC/ RTA shall register change in guardian either due to mutual consent or demise of existing guardian, subject to submission of various documents, including Bank attestation attesting the signature of the new guardian in a bank account of the minor and KYC Acknowledgment letter of the new guardian. The new guardian must be a natural guardian (i.e. father or mother) or a court appointed legal guardian.



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Investors are requested to refer the NISM recommendations & AMFI Best Practice circular dated February 9, 2011 uploaded on our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in, for the list of documents required in respect of change in guardian.

(2) ANTI MONEY LAUNDERING

MAMF is committed to complying with all applicable anti money laundering and KYC laws and regulations. MAMF recognizes the value and importance of creating a business environment that strongly discourages money launderers from using MAMF. To that end, certain policies have been adopted by the AMC. The need to KYC is vital for the prevention of money laundering.

Investor's are requested to refer to **Know Your Client (KYC)** given under How to Apply?

However, as per letter received by AMFI dated June 19, 2009 from SEBI wherein it has been conveyed that micro schemes such as SIPs upto Rs. 50,000 per year per investor shall be exempted from the requirement of PAN. The letter further states that this may be operationalised by accepting other standard specified identification instruments like Voter ID card, Government/Defense ID card, Card of Reputed employer, Driving License, Passport in lieu of PAN. The detailed process and the applicability of such transactions is given in relevant sections above.

Suspicious Transaction Reporting

If after due diligence, the AMC believes that the transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, the AMC shall report any suspicious transactions to competent authorities under the PMLA and rules / guidelines issued there under by SEBI and RBI, furnish any such information in connection therewith to such authorities and take any other actions as may be required for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations under the PMLA without obtaining the prior approval of the investor / Unit Holder / a person making the payment on behalf of the investor.

Investor Protection

The Scheme is designed to support long-term investment and active trading is discouraged. Short term or excessive trading into and out of the Scheme may affect its performance by disrupting portfolio management strategies and by increasing expenses. The Fund and the distributors may refuse to accept applications for Purchase, especially where transactions are deemed disruptive, particularly from market timers or investors who, in their opinion, have a pattern of short term or excessive trading or whose trading has been or may be disruptive for the Scheme. If in the opinion of the AMC, a Unit Holder is indulging in short term or excessive trading as above, it shall, under powers delegated by the Trustee, have absolute discretion to reject any application, prevent further transaction by the Unit Holder or redeem the Units held by the Unit Holder at any time prior to the expiry of 30 Business Days from the date of the application.

(3) TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF UNITS

Transfer of Units

The Fund will offer and redeem the Units on a continuous basis after the NFO Period. If a person becomes a Unit Holder in the Scheme consequent to operation of law, the Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death or insolvency, the transferee's name will be recorded by the Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence and if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. In all such cases, if the transferee is not eligible to hold the Units, the Units will be redeemed and the proceeds will be disbursed to the transferee if such transferee is entitled to the same.





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In accordance with SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF/10/2010 dated August 18, 2010 on transferability of mutual fund units, units of all the schemes of the Fund (presently, Mirae Asset India Opportunities Fund (MAIOF), Mirae Asset Global Commodity Stocks Fund (MAGCSF) and Mirae Asset China Advantage Fund (MACAF)) which are held in demat form shall be freely transferable under the depository system with effect from October 1, 2010.

Transmission of Units

If Units are held in a single name by the Unit Holder, Units shall be transmitted in favor of the nominee where the Unit Holder has appointed a nominee upon production of death certificate or any other documents to the satisfaction of the AMC / Registrar. If the Unit Holder has not appointed a nominee or in the case where the nominee dies before the Unit Holder, the Units shall be transmitted in favor of or as otherwise directed by the Unit Holder's personal representative(s) on production of the death certificate and / or any other documents to the satisfaction of the AMC / Registrar. If Units are held by more than one registered Unit Holder, then, upon death of one of the Unit Holders, the Units shall be transmitted in favor of the remaining Holder(s) (in the order in which the names appear in the register of Unit Holders with the Registrar) on production of a death certificate and / or any other documents to the satisfaction of the AMC /Registrar and to the nominee only upon death of all the Unit Holders.

AMFI had wide its best practice Circular dated January 28, 2011 recommended Mutual Funds to implement certain standarised procedures with regard to Transmission facility as follows:-

- 1. Investor claiming the transmission of units in his/ their names are required to submit the prescribed documents based on the kind of scenario for transmission.
- 2. In the event of transmission of units to minor, documents submitted including KYC, bank attenstation, indemnity etc. should be of the guardian of the minor.
- 3. The fund may also seek additional documents if the amount involved is above Rs.1 lakh, on the case to case basis or depending upon the circumstances of each case.
- 4. Investors/ Unitholders are requested to refer the "Transmission Documents Matrix Ready Reckoner" mentioned under Download section of our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in, for ready reference of the various documents required under different scenarios of Transmission as mentioned below:
 - To surviving unitholders in case of death of one or more unitholders;
 - To registered nominee(s) in case of death of sole or all unitholders;
 - To claimant(s) where nominee is not registered in case of death of sole or all unitholders;
 - Transmission in case of HUF due to death of Karta.
- 5. A copy of PAN or another proof of identity of nominee(s)/ claimant(s) may not be required if KYC issued by CVL is made available.
- 6. In the event of transmission of units in favour of the minor, various documents like KYC, PAN, Bank details, indemnity etc should be of the guardian of the minor.
- 7. The Fund/ AMC/ RTA may seek additional documents, if the amount of transmission is Rs.One Lakh and above, on a case to case basis. Investors/ Unitholders are requested to refer the Matrix, referred in point (4) above.

The Fund/ AMC/ RTA may seek additional documents, apart from those mentioned in each of the above cases. Investors are requested to refer National Institute of Securities Market (NISM) guidelines on select mutual fund services processes & AMFI vide its Best Practice Circular Guidelines





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dated February 9, 2011, on our website www.miraeassetmf.co.in, for the list of prescribed documents required in respect of abovementioned cases and any other clarifications on the same.

(4) DURATION OF THE SCHEME/ WINDING UP

The duration of the Scheme is perpetual. However, in accordance with the Regulations, the Scheme may be wound up, after repaying the amount due to the Unit Holders:

- There are changes in the capital markets, fiscal laws or legal system, or any event or series of event occurs, which, in the opinion of the Trustee, requires the Scheme to be wound up; or
- If 75% of the Unit Holders of the Scheme pass a resolution that the Scheme be wound up; or
- If SEBI so directs in the interests of Unit Holders.

If the Scheme is so wound up, the Trustee shall give notice of the circumstances leading to the winding up of the Scheme:

- To SEBI; and
- In two daily newspapers having a circulation all over India, and in a vernacular newspaper with circulation in Mumbai.

On and from the date of the publication of notice of winding up, the Trustee or the AMC, as the case may be, shall :

- Cease to carry on any business activities in respect of the Scheme so wound up;
- Cease to create or cancel Units in the Scheme; and
- Cease to issue or redeem Units in the Scheme.

(5) PROCEDURE AND MANNER OF WINDING UP

The Trustee shall call a meeting of the Unit Holders to approve, by simple majority of the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting, a resolution authorizing the Trustee or any other person to take steps for winding up of the Scheme.

The Trustee, or other person authorized as above, shall dispose of the assets of the Scheme concerned in the best interest of Unit Holders of the Scheme. The proceeds of sale shall be first utilized towards discharge of such liabilities as are due and payable under the Scheme, and, after meeting the expenses connected with the winding up, the balance shall be paid to the Unit Holders in proportion to their respective interests in the assets of the Scheme, as on the date when the decision for winding up was taken.

On completion of the winding up, the Trustee shall forward to SEBI and Unit Holders a report on the winding up, detailing, the circumstances leading to the winding up, the steps taken for disposal of the assets of the Scheme before winding up, net assets available for distribution to the Unit Holders and a certificate from the Auditors of the Fund.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein above, the provisions of the SEBI Regulations in respect of disclosures of half-yearly reports and annual reports shall continue to be applicable until winding up is completed or the Scheme ceases to exist.

After the receipt of the Trustee's report referred to above, and if SEBI is satisfied that all measures for winding up of the Scheme have been complied with, the Scheme shall cease to exist.

(6) SUSPENSION OF PURCHASE & REDEMPTION OF UNITS

Subject to the approval of the Boards of the AMC and of the Trustee, and subject also to necessary communication of the same to SEBI, the determination of the NAV of the Units of the Scheme, and





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consequently of the Purchase, Redemption and switching of Units, may be temporarily suspended in any of the conditions described below:

- a) When one or more stock exchanges or markets which provide the basis of valuation for a substantial portion of the assets of the Scheme is closed otherwise than for ordinary holidays.
- b) When, as a result of political, economic or monetary events or any other circumstances outside the control of the Trustee and the AMC, the disposal of the assets of the Scheme is not considered to be reasonably practicable or might otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the Unit Holders.
- c) In the event of breakdown in the means of communication used for the valuation of investments of the Scheme, so that the value of the securities of the Scheme cannot be accurately or reliably arrived at.
- d) If, in the opinion of the AMC, extreme volatility of markets causes or might cause, prejudice to the interests of the Unit Holders of the Scheme.
- e) In case of natural calamities, war, strikes, riots, and bandhs.
- f) In case of any other event of force majeure or disaster that in the opinion of the AMC affects the normal functioning of the AMC or the Registrar.
- g) If so directed by SEBI.

In any of the above eventualities, the time limits for processing requests for subscription and Redemption of Units will not be applicable. All types of subscription and Redemption of Units will be processed on the basis of the immediately next Applicable NAV after the resumption of dealings in Units.

(7) UNCLAIMED REDEMPTIONS & DIVIDEND AMOUNT

As per circular no. MFD/CIR/9/120/2000, dated November 24, 2000 issued by SEBI, the unclaimed Redemption and dividend amounts shall be deployed by the Fund in money market instruments only. The investment management fee charged by the AMC for managing such unclaimed amounts shall not exceed 50 basis points. The circular also specifies that investors who claim these amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid at the prevailing NAV. Thus, after a period of three years, this amount can be transferred to a pool account and the investors can claim the said amounts at the NAV prevailing at the end of the third year. In terms of the circular, the onus is on the AMC to make a continuous effort to remind investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The details of such unclaimed amounts shall be disclosed in the annual report sent to the Unit Holders.

C. GENERAL INFORMATION

(1) UNDERWRITING:

The Schemes may take up underwriting of other issues subject to the relevant SEBI Regulations and as may be permitted by the Board of Directors of the Investment Manager.

Regulation 46 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, states that:

"Mutual Funds may enter into underwriting agreement after obtaining a certificate of registration in terms of the SEBI (underwriters) rules and SEBI (underwriters) Regulations, 1993, authorising it to carry on activities as underwriters.





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For the purpose of these Regulations, the underwriting obligation will be deemed as if the investments are made in such securities.

The capital adequacy norms for the purpose of underwriting shall be the net assets of the Scheme. Provided that the underwriting obligation of a Mutual Fund shall not at any time exceed the total value of net assets of the Scheme".

This Scheme does not propose to underwrite issuances of securities of other issuers.

Underwriting Obligations with respect to issues of Associates Companies of Sponsor : As on date, the Fund has no underwriting obligations.

(2) SECURITIES LENDING:

If permitted by SEBI under extant regulations/guidelines, the Trustee may permit the fund to engage in stock lending. Securities lending means the lending of stock to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation.

As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The Mutual Fund may not be able to sell such lent out securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity. It may be noted this activity would have the inherent probability of collateral value drastically falling in the times of strong downward market trends.

Such investments shall be made when in view of the Fund Manager, such investments could provide reasonable returns commensurate with risks associated with such investments and shall be made in accordance with the investment objective of the Scheme. The lending transactions may require procurement of collateral which would exceed in value, the value of the securities lent. The collateral can be in the form of cash, bank guarantee, government securities or certificate of deposits or other securities as may be agreed.

If permitted by SEBI under extant regulations/guidelines, the scheme may also engage in stock borrowing. Stock borrowing means the borrowing of stock from another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The securities borrowed will be returned to the lender on expiry of the stipulated period.

(3) BORROWING BY THE MUTUAL FUNDS:

Under the Regulations, the Fund is allowed to borrow to meet the temporary liquidity needs of the Scheme for the purpose of repurchase, Redemption of Units or payment of interest or dividend to the Unit Holders. Further, as per Regulations, the Fund shall not borrow more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme and the duration of such borrowing shall not exceed a period of 6 months.

The Fund may enter into necessary arrangements with banks / financial institutions for borrowing purposes. The Scheme may bear the interest charged on such borrowings.

(4) INTER-SCHEME TRANSFER OF INVESTMENTS:

Transfer of Investments from one Scheme to another scheme, present or to be floated in future, may be made at the discretion of the Fund Manager, as per the current regulations, only if:





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- (a) Such transfer is done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis;
 - <u>Explanation</u>: "spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions.
- (b) The securities so transferred is/are in conformity with the Investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

In case of any amendment in the Regulations, transfer of Investments from one Scheme to another scheme, present or to be floated in future, may also be made, subject to the applicable Regulations at the time of transfer, at the discretion of the Fund Manager.

(5) ASSOCIATE TRANSACTIONS:

The Asset Management Company may utilise the services of Sponsor/its associates/subsidiaries or any other associates within the meaning of the SEBI Regulations in case such company (including its employees and relatives) is in a position to provide the requisite services to the AMC. The AMC will conduct its business with the aforesaid companies (including their employees or relatives) on commercial terms as permissible under the SEBI Regulations.

In accordance with SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulation, 1996, the Scheme shall not make any investment in :

- (a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- (b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- (c) the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25 per cent of the net assets.

Details of transactions with Associates:

The AMC has entered into an agreement with Mirae Asset Global Investments Company Limited, Korea on 1st May, 2008 and with Mirae Asset Global Investments (HongKong) Limited on 1st April, 2010 for providing non-binding advisory services pertaining to investments related to Indian equity markets, updates on Indian Stock Market, micro and macro economic reviews, research relating to sectors, stocks and factors impacting the same, etc.

SEBI vide its letter dated 22nd July, 2008 has accorded approval for availing of non-binding advisory services from Mirae Asset Global Investments (Hong Kong) Limited (MAGI – HK). Accordingly, the AMC has entered into an agreement with MAGI-HK for seeking advice on the international portion of all the schemes of the mutual fund.

The fund management of the Scheme (including the international portion) shall rest with the AMC. The fees related to these services would be borne by the AMC and would not be charged to the scheme.

The same are not in conflict with the mutual fund activities.

Underwriting Obligations with respect to issues of Associates Companies of Sponsor:

As on date, the Fund has no underwriting obligations.



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The Brokerage/ Commission / charges paid to subsidiary/Associates of the Sponsor, during the past three years:

1. Brokerage paid to associates/related parties/group companies of Sponsor/AMC

Name of associate/related parties/group companies of Sponsor/AMC	Nature of Association/Nature of relation	Period covered	Value transaction Cr. & % value transaction fund)	of total of		e(Rs. Cr. of total e paid by
SBICAP SECURITIES LTD	Associate	April 2008 to March 2009	48.93	1.93%	0.05	1.61%
		April 2009 to March 2010	11.34	1.25%	0.04	1.33%
		April 2010 to March 2011	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
SBICAP Securities	Ltd ceased to be an as	sociate of the	AMC we.f. A	pril 1, 201	0.	<u> </u>
MIRAE ASSET SECURITIES (HK) LTD	Associate	April 2008 to March 2009	19.95	0.79%	0.05	1.76%
		April 2009 to March 2010	9.84	1.09%	0.02	0.88%
		April 2010 to March 2011	8.74	1.03%	0.03	0.97%
		April 2011 to March 2012	13.90	4.11%	0.04	3.98%

2. Commission paid to associates/related parties/group companies of Sponsor/AMC

Name of associate/related parties/group companies of Sponsor/AMC	Nature of Association/Nature of relation	Period covered		& % of value of		n (Rs. Cr. & I Commision e fund)
SBICAP SECURITIES	Associate	2008- 2009	175	0.61	0.00\$	0.05



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LTD		2009- 2010	0	0.00	0.00\$	0.00\$				
		2010- 2011	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.				
SBICAP Securities	Ltd ceased to be an as	sociate of the	AMC we	.f. April 1, 2	010.					
SATCO SECURITIES & SERVICES LTD.	Associate	2008- 2009	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil				
SATCO SECURITIES & SERVICES LTD.	Associate	2009- 2010	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil				
SATCO SECURITIES & SERVICES LTD.	Associate	2010- 2011	0.02	0.00\$	0.00\$	0.00\$				
SATCO SECURITIES & SERVICES LTD.	Associate	2011- 2012	0.00	0.00	0.00\$	0.00\$				
\$ Rounded off upto 2 decimals.										

3. Details of Trusteeship and Investment Management Fees:-

Particulars	Period	Amount (Rs. in Crores)
Trusteeship Fees paid to Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited	FY 2008-2009	0.05
Investment Management Fees paid to Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited (AMC)		3.27
Trusteeship Fees paid to Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited	FY 2009-2010	0.12
Investment Management Fees paid to Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited (AMC)		2.66
Trusteeship Fees paid to Mirae Asset Trustee Company Private Limited	FY 2010-2011	0.09
Investment Management Fees paid to Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Private Limited (AMC)		3.04



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The AMC may from time to time for conducting the normal business, utilise the services of any of the Associates of the Sponsors. The AMC may also utilise the services of any of the subsidiaries of the Sponsor to be established at a later date in case such subsidiaries are in a position to provide requisite services to the AMC.

The AMC shall conduct its business with these Associates or group of the Sponsor on commercial terms and on arms length basis and at the then prevailing market rates / prices to the extent permitted under the regulations, after an evaluation of the competitiveness of the pricing offered by the associate or group of the Sponsor and the services to be provided by them. The AMC may also utilise the services of associate / group of sponsor for marketing / distribution of applications and agency commission at a rate not exceeding the rate of commission being paid to other agents for the Scheme will be paid for such services.

Presently, the AMC does not propose to have dealings, transactions and services for marketing and distribution of the scheme thorugh the associates or group company of the sponsor.

(6) MODE OF HOLDING

An application can be made by up to a maximum of three applicants. Applicants must specify the 'mode of holding' in the Application Form.

If an application is made by one Unit Holder only, then the mode of holding will be considered as 'First-named holder'

If an application is made by more than one investors, they have an option to specify the mode of holding as either 'First-named holder' or 'Jointly' or 'Anyone or Survivor'.

If the mode of holding is specified as 'First-named holder', all instructions to the Fund would have to be signed by the First named Unit Holder only. The Fund will not be empowered to act on the instruction of the Second or Third Unit Holder in such cases.

If the mode of holding is specified as 'Jointly', all instructions to the Fund would have to be signed by all the Unit Holders, jointly. The Fund will not be empowered to act on the instruction of any one of the Unit Holders in such cases.

If the mode of holding is specified as 'Anyone or Survivor', an instruction signed by any one of the Unit Holders will be acted upon by the Fund. It will not be necessary for all the Unit Holders to sign.

If an application is made by more than one investors and the mode of holding is not specified, the mode of holding would be treated as joint. The Fund will not be empowered to act on the instruction of any one of the Unit Holders in such cases.

In all cases, all communication to Unit Holders (including account statements, statutory notices and communication, etc.) will be addressed to the first-named Unit Holder. All payments, whether for redemptions, dividends, etc. will be made favoring the first-named Unit Holder. The first-named Unit Holder shall have the right to exercise the voting rights associated with such Units as per the applicable guidelines.

Investors should carefully study paragraphs "Transmission of Units" and "Nomination Facility" below "Facilities Offered to Investors under the Scheme" before ticking the relevant box pertaining to the mode of holding in the Application Form.

(7) LIEN ON UNITS FOR LOANS

In conformity with the guidelines and notifications issued by SEBI / Government of India / any other regulatory body from time to time, Units under the Scheme may be offered as security by way of a lien / charge in favor of scheduled banks, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies (NBFCs) or any other body. The





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Registrar will note and record the lien against such Units. A standard form for this purpose is available on request with the Registrar.

The Unit Holder will not be able to redeem / switch Units under lien until the Lien Holder provides written authorization to the Fund that the lien / charge may be vacated. As long as Units are under lien, the Lien Holder will have complete authority to exercise the lien, thereby redeeming such Units and receiving payment proceeds. In such instance, the Unit Holder will be informed by the Registrar through an account statement. In no case will the Units be transferred from the Unit Holder to Lien Holder. All benefits accruing on the Units under lien during the period of the lien in the form of bonus, dividend or otherwise shall be subject to lien.

8) RIGHT TO LIMIT PURCHASE & REDEMPTIONS

The Trustee may, in the general interest of the Unit Holders of the Scheme and when considered appropriate to do so based on unforeseen circumstances / unusual market conditions, limit the total number of Units which may be redeemed on any Business Day to 5% of the total number of Units then in issue, under the Scheme and option(s) thereof, or such other percentage as the Trustee may determine. Any Units which consequently are not redeemed on a particular Business Day, will be carried forward for Redemption to the next Business Day, in order of receipt. Redemptions so carried forward will be priced on the basis of the Applicable NAV (subject to the prevailing Load) of the Business Day on which Redemption is made. Under such circumstances, to the extent multiple Redemption requests are received at the same time on a single Business Day, redemptions will be made on a pro-rata basis, based on the size of each Redemption request, the balance amount being carried forward for Redemption to the next Business Day. In addition, the Trustee reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to limit redemptions with respect to any single account to an amount of Rs. 1 Lakh in a single day.

(9) SCHEME TO BE BINDING ON THE UNIT HOLDERS

Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may, from time to time, add or otherwise vary or alter all or any of the features of investment options and terms of the Scheme, if necessary, after obtaining the prior permission of SEBI and Unit Holders and the same shall be binding on all the Unit Holders of the Scheme and any person or persons claiming through or under them as if each Unit Holder or such person expressly had agreed that such features and terms shall be so binding. Any additions /variations / alternations shall be done only in accordance with the Regulations.

(10) REGISTER OF THE SCHEME'S UNIT HOLDERS

Registers of Unit Holders, containing necessary particulars, will be maintained at the Registered office of the AMC at Mumbai, and at the office of the Registrar at Hyderabad and at such other places as the Trustee may decide.

(11) WEBSITE

The website of the Fund / AMC is intended solely for the use of Resident Indians, NRIs, PIOs and FIIs registered with SEBI. It should not be regarded as a solicitation for business in any jurisdiction other than India. In particular, the information is not for distribution and does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy securities in any jurisdiction where such activity is prohibited, including the United States of America. Any persons resident outside India who nevertheless intend to respond to this material must first satisfy themselves that they are not subject to any local requirements which restrict or prohibit them from so doing. Information other than that relating specifically to the AMC / the Fund and its products, is for





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information purposes only and should not be relied upon as a basis for investment decisions. The AMC cannot be held responsible for any information contained in any website linked from this website.

12) POWER TO MAKE RULES

Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee may, from time to time, prescribe terms and make rules for the purpose of giving effect to the Scheme and may authorize the AMC to add to, alter or amend all or any of such terms and rules.

(13) POWER TO REMOVE DIFFICULTIES

If any difficulties arise in giving effect to the provisions of the Scheme, the Trustee may, subject to the Regulations, do anything not inconsistent with such provisions, which appears to it to be necessary, desirable or expedient, for the purpose of removing such difficulty.

(14) OMNIBUS CLAUSE

Besides the AMC, the Trustee / Sponsor may also absorb expenditures in addition to the limits laid down under Regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations.

Further, any amendment / clarification and guidelines including in the form of notes or circulars issued from time to time by SEBI for the operation and management of mutual fund shall be applicable.

(15) DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

The following documents will be available for inspection at the office of the Mutual Fund at 606, 6th Floor, Windsor Building, Off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E), Mumbai – 400098 during business hours on any day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays):

- Memorandum and Articles of Association of the AMC
- Investment Management Agreement
- Trust Deed and amendments thereto, if any.
- Mutual Fund Registration Certificate
- Agreement between the Mutual Fund and the Custodian
- Agreement with Registrar and Share Transfer Agents
- · Consent of Auditors to act in the said capacity
- Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and amendments from time to time thereto.
- Indian Trusts Act, 1882.





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(16) INVESTOR GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL MECHANISM

The investor complaints received by the Fund are redressed by the Investor Relations Officer and Karvy Computershare Private Limited. The Compliance Officer regularly reviews the redressal of complaints for assessing the quality and timeliness of the redressal.

Number of folios : - 57509 Redressal of Complaints received against Mirae Asset Mirae Co Type of complaint# (a) Action on (a)		ring the								
		ring the								
Co Type of complaint# (a) Action on (a	a) and (b)		year 2011	-12:						
mul No	Action on (a) and (b)									
aint cod e of com plain ts pend ing at the the pegi		olved		Non Actio nabl e*	Pending					
nnin q of	Vithi 30- n 30 60 lays days	60- 180 days	Beyon d 180 days		0-3 mont hs	3-6 mo nth s	6-9 mont hs	9-12 mont hs		
I A Non receipt of Dividend 0 1 on Units	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
I B Interest on delayed payment 0 0 of Dividend	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
I C Non receipt of 0 19 Redemption Proceeds	19 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
I D Interest on delayed 0 0 payment of Redemption	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
II A Non receipt of 0 1 Statement of Account /Unit Certificate	1 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
II B Discrepancy in Statement of 0 0 Account	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
II C Non receipt of Annual 0 0 Report/Abridged Summary	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
III A Wrong switch between 0 0 Schemes	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
III B Unauthorized 0 0 switch between Schemes	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
III C Deviation from 0 0 Scheme attributes	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
charges/load	2 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
viz. address, PAN, bank details, nomination, etc	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	2 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	25 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
# including against its authorized persons/ distributors/ emplo	yees. etc.									

^{*}Non actionable means the complaint that are incomplete / outside the scope of the mutual fund



Building on principles

• Investor Complaints

Given below is the status of complaints/requests received during the period April 1, 2009 to May 31, 2012. (Segregated year wise).

SCHEM ES	EM April 2009 – March 2010		2010	April 2010 - March 2011			April 2011 - March 2012			April 2012 - May 2012		
	Recei ved	Redre ssed	Pen ding	Rece ived	Redre ssed	Pen ding	Rece ived	Redre ssed	Pen ding	Receiv ed	Redres sed	Pendin g
Mirae Asset India Opportu nities Fund	53	53	0	23	23	0	17	17	0	7	7	0
Mirae Asset Global Commo dity Stocks Fund	17	17	0	5	5	0	8	8	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset Emergin g Bluechi p Fund	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset China Advanta ge Fund	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset India- China Consum ption Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset Gilt Fund – Investm ent Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset Gilt Fund – Savings Plan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset Liquid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Building on principles

Fund												
Mirae Asset Ultra Short Term Bond Fund	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset Short Term Bond Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mirae Asset Cash Manage ment Fund	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	72	72	0	32	32	0	25	25	0	7	7	0

For this purpose, Mr. Girish Dhanani can be contacted at the Corporate Office of the AMC. The address and phone numbers are:

Mirae Asset Global Investments (India) Pvt. Ltd.

606, 6th Floor, Windsor Building Off CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (E)

Mumbai - 400098.

E-Mail: dhanani.girish@miraeasset.com

Tel: +91 22 6780 0300/325 **Fax:** +91 22 6725 3945

The investor complaints received by the Fund are redressed by the Investor Relations Officer and Karvy Computershare Private Limited. The Compliance Officer regularly reviews the redressal of complaints for assessing the quality and timeliness of the redressal.

NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING CONTAINED IN THIS STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, THE PROVISIONS OF THE SEBI (MUTUAL FUNDS) REGULATIONS, 1996 AND THE GUIDELINES THEREUNDER SHALL BE APPLICABLE.

